**Young people in youth justice custody (2018 to 2024)**

This summary contains information on young people who were in custody in a youth detention centre (in pre-court custody, post-court remand, or sentenced) or watchhouse (post-court remand or sentenced only). The below information is provided by case managers/workers.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Census year** | **2018** | **2019** | **2020** | **2021** | **2022** | **2023** | **2024** |
| **Number of surveys** | **216** | **236** | **218** | **281** | **301** | **265** | **289** |
| Male | 84% | 86% | 89% | 91% | 87% | 90% | 88% |
| Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander | 69% | 76% | 67% | 64% | 68% | 67% | 75% |
| Living in unstable and/or unsuitable accommodation[[1]](#endnote-1) | 27% | 27% | 44% | 41% | 39% | 31% | 33% |
| Totally disengaged from education, training, or employment[[2]](#endnote-2) | 56% | 62% | 61% | 63% | 45% | 46% | 55% |
| Is a current or expectant parent[[3]](#endnote-3) | 3% | 4% | 6% | 6% | 4% | 5% | 6% |
| Parents have been held in Adult Custody[[4]](#endnote-4) | 37% | 39% | 34% | 40% | 35% | 24% | 38% |
| Experienced or been impacted by domestic and family violence[[5]](#endnote-5) | Not avail. | 69% | 57% | 60% | 56% | 46% | 70% |
| **Known to use a Substance** |
| **Used at least one of the below substances** | **86%** | **86%** | **84%** | **84%** | **83%** | **85%** | **87%** |
| Marijuana | 73% | 75% | 70% | 76% | 70% | 70% | 77% |
| Tobacco | 59% | 57% | 55% | 57% | 53% | 37% | 44% |
| Vape | Not avail. | Not avail. | Not avail. | Not avail. | Not avail. | 23% | 45% |
| Alcohol | 58% | 57% | 44% | 47% | 50% | 57% | 49% |
| Ice and other methamphetamines | 33% | 39% | 38% | 41% | 40% | 38% | 36% |
| Solvent inhalation | 17% | 14% | 14% | 15% | 10% | 5% | 5% |
| Prescription Medication | 0.9% | 0% | 2% | 1% | 4% | 5% | 5% |
| Other substances[[6]](#endnote-6) | 1% | 0.4% | 7% | 2% | 2% | 2% | 3% |
| **Disability (diagnosed or suspected)** |
| **Have at least one of the listed disabilities** | **37%** | **44%** | **43%** | **47%** | **37%** | **54%** | **71%** |
| Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorder (FASD) | Not avail. | 15% | 14% | 14% | 12% | 15% | 25% |
| Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder | 19% | 24% | 28% | 31% | 21% | 31% | 53% |
| Autism Spectrum Disorder | 1% | 4% | 5% | 6% | 6% | 8% | 15% |
| Developmental/Language Disorder | Not avail. | Not avail. | Not avail. | Not avail. | 19% | 21% | 21% |
| Cognitive/Intellectual | 27% | 25% | 18% | 24% | 26% | 29% | 38% |
| Physical | 6% | 1% | 0.9% | 1% | 1% | 2% | 2% |
| Sensory (visual or auditory) | 1% | 4% | 1% | 3% | 2% | 1% | 3% |
| **Mental Health & Behavioural Disorders (diagnosed or suspected)** |  |
| **Have at least one of the listed Mental Health disorders** | **42%** | **36%** | **28%** | **24%** | **27%** | **31%** | **47%** |
| Anxiety  | 20% | 23% | 16% | 15% | 20% | 20% | 33% |
| Depression | 19% | 16% | 14% | 11% | 13% | 14% | 24% |
| Post-traumatic stress disorder | 23% | 16% | 17% | 14% | 13% | 12% | 25% |
| Personality disorder | 8% | 3% | 4% | 4% | 3% | 3% | 5% |
| Psychosis | 6% | 5% | 4% | 2% | 3% | 2% | 3% |
| Bipolar disorder | 0.9% | 0% | 2% | 0.4% | 0.3% | 0.4% | 1% |
| Eating disorder | 0.9% | 0% | 0.5% | 1% | 0.3% | 0.4% | 0.4% |
| Obsessive-Compulsive disorder | 0.5% | 0.4% | 0.9% | 0.4% | 0% | 0.4% | 2% |
| **Have at least one of the listed Behavioural disorders**  | **43%** | **33%** | **30%** | **25%** | **19%** | **14%** | **30%** |
| Conduct disorder | 26% | 18% | 17% | 14% | 9% | 8% | 15% |
| Opposition defiance | 24% | 18% | 17% | 15% | 9% | 6% | 21% |
| Attachment disorder | 28% | 23% | 17% | 13% | 12% | 8% | 15% |
| **Have at least one Mental Health &/or Behavioural disorders**  | **58%** | **48%** | **42%** | **37%** | **35%** | **36%** | **54%** |

Data are based on manual survey responses and reflect case worker knowledge of young people's circumstances at the time of entry.
An increase in reported numbers could be attributed to an enhanced awareness and comprehension of the subject among respondents, rather than an actual increase in occurrences.
If data is listed as “Not avail.” the relevant topic was not surveyed during the corresponding year.

1. Unstable and/or unsuitable accommodation is based on a combination of the ABS definition of homelessness (i.e., sleeping rough, youth shelter/couch surfing/frequently moving, or boarding house/caravan park) and youth justice staff perceptions of the suitability of a young person’s accommodation (i.e., accommodation did not provide security, stability, privacy and safety) in the month prior to census (if in the community) or in the month prior to a young person’s entry into custody (for young people who were in custody as at census). [↑](#endnote-ref-1)
2. Totally disengaged from education, training and employment is defined as not enrolled in school or in other educational programs (e.g., TAFE, registered training organisation, VET program, university), not participating in vocational training (e.g., apprenticeship/traineeship), is not in any paid/unpaid employment, and/or is not actively job seeking. [↑](#endnote-ref-2)
3. Current or expectant parent is defined as a biological parent (even if not actively parenting), an expectant mother or father, or a young person who is responsible for a child in a parent-like role or is making decisions about a child’s upbringing. [↑](#endnote-ref-3)
4. Parent in adult custody is defined as a young person’s father or mother who was ever in adult custody on remand or sentence. [↑](#endnote-ref-4)
5. Experienced and/or impacted by domestic and family violence (DFV) is defined as a young person being a witness to DFV (e.g., is the child of a parent who is a victim of DFV), and/or the young person is themselves a victim of DFV, and/or the young person uses violence in a DFV setting. [↑](#endnote-ref-5)
6. Other substances may include other depressant drugs (opioids, benzodiazepines, GHB), other stimulant drugs (MDMA, cocaine) and/or other hallucinogens (cannabis, LSD/Acid). [↑](#endnote-ref-6)