# Surveillance Program for Red Witchweed (Striga asiatica) under the Biosecurity Act 2014

For implementation of the National Red Witchweed Response Plan



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# 1 Biosecurity program

## 1.1 **Program name**

The surveillance program (biosecurity program) for red witchweed (*Striga asiatica*) will be known as the Surveillance Program for Red Witchweed (the Program).

# 2 Requirement for a surveillance program

# 2.1 Purpose and rationale

### Significant biosecurity risk

The *Biosecurity Act 2014* (the Act) provides for the establishment of surveillance programs. Surveillance programs are directed at any of the following—

- (a) monitoring compliance with the Act in relation to a particular matter to which the Act applies;
- (b) confirming the presence, or finding out the extent of the presence, in the State or the parts of the State to which the program applies, of the biosecurity matter to which the program relates;
- (c) confirming the absence, in the State or the parts of the State to which the program applies, of the biosecurity matter to which the program relates;
- (d) monitoring the effects of measures taken in response to a biosecurity risk;
- (e) monitoring compliance with requirements about prohibited matter or restricted matter;
- (f) monitoring levels of biosecurity matter or levels of biosecurity matter in a carrier.

The purpose of the Surveillance Program for Red Witchweed (the Program) is to implement part of the activities of the National Red Witchweed ResponsePlan.

The objectives of the Program are to:

- confirm the presence, or finding out the extent of the presence of red witchweed, in parts of the State; and
- confirm the absence of red witchweed, in parts the State; and
- monitor the effects of measures taken in response to a biosecurity risk of red witchweed; and
- monitor compliance with reporting requirements for red witchweed.

Red witchweed (*Striga asiatica*) is prohibited matter under the *Biosecurity Act 2014* (the Act). A person must not deal<sup>1</sup> with red witchweed or a carrier of red witchweed. An occupier of a place has an obligation to report<sup>2</sup> the presence of prohibited matter.

Red witchweed was detected near Mackay in 2013. It is a parasite that affects both the production of sugarcane and cereal crops as well as international trade in cereals. Seven (7) properties are affected - red witchweed has been detected on six sugarcane properties and one cattle property near Mackay. The

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See section 37 (Dealing with prohibited matter) of the Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See section 36 (Reporting presence of prohibited matter) of the Act.

Queensland Government funded an initial emergency response while negotiating a nationally cost-shared program with industry and other governments.

In February 2015, the National Management Group endorsed a 10 year Response Plan and budget of \$5.8 million to be cost shared between State and Federal governments and affected industries. The eradication response has now commenced and individual affected property owners are being assisted during the three year treatment phase of the eradication program.

The key activities undertaken by the National Red Witchweed Response Plan include:

- Surveillance to check for the presence or absence of red witchweed. Effective and efficient surveillance and monitoring of large areas may be required in the future, which is likely to be conducted on foot but may utilise unmanned aerial vehicles; and
- Treatment of land to eradicate existing red witchweed infestations and preventative treatment of land adjacent to these infestations. Planting of false host crops, catch crops and soil fumigation by specialised machinery being the most efficient methods.

The treatment component of the National Red Witchweed Response Plan is implemented under the Prevention and Control Program for Red Witchweed.

# 2.2 Measures that are required to achieve the purpose

The key activities undertaken by the Program to implement the National Red Witchweed Response Plan include but are not limited to:

- surveillance to check for the presence or absence of red witchweed;
- monitoring to check the effectiveness of measures taken against red witchweed;
- checking compliance with the reporting obligation for red witchweed;
- checking compliance with movement controls to minimise the risk of human-assisted red witchweed spread from infested areas.

# 2.3 Powers of authorised officers

## Entry of place

The Act provides that authorised officers appointed under the Act may, at reasonable times, enter a place situated in an area to which a biosecurity program applies, to take any action authorised by the biosecurity program<sup>3</sup>. These activities must be done in a timely and efficient manner to ensure that the measures are as effective as possible. The Program will authorise entry into places to allow these measures to be undertaken.

In accordance with the Act a reasonable attempt will be made to locate an occupier<sup>4</sup> and obtain the occupier's consent to the entry prior to an authorised officer entering a place to undertake activities under the Program. Nevertheless, an authorised officer may enter the place if<sup>5</sup>—

(a) the authorised officer is unable to locate an occupier after making a reasonable attempt to do so; or

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> See section 261 (Power to enter a place under biosecurity program) of the Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The Act defines an **occupier**, of a place, generally to include the person who apparently occupies the place (or, if more than 1 person apparently occupies the place, any of the persons); any person at the place who is apparently acting with the authority of a person who apparently occupies the place; or if no-one apparently occupies the place, any person who is an owner of the place. <sup>5</sup> See section 270 (Entry of place under sections 261 and 262) of the Act.

(b) the occupier refuses to consent to the entry.

If after entering a place an authorised officer finds an occupier present or the occupier refuses to consent to the entry—an authorised officer will make reasonable attempts to produce an identity card for inspection and inform the occupier of the reason for entering and the authorisaton under the Act to enter without the permission of the occupier. An authorised officer under the Program must make a reasonable attempt to inform the occupier of any steps taken, or to be taken, and if steps have been taken or are to be taken, that it is an offence to do anything that interferes with a step taken or to be be taken.

An authorised officer must leave a notice in a conspicuous position and in a reasonably secure way. This notice must state the date and time of entry and information addressing the reason for entry, authorisation to enter a place and the steps undertaken by the authorised officer after entry.

#### Power to carry out aerial control measures

The power to carry out aerial control measures<sup>6</sup> is authorised by a biosecurity program under the Act<sup>7</sup>. This means that an authorised officer may carry out, or direct another person to carry out, the aerial control measures including visual inspections with photographic or electronic recording for red witchweed using unmanned aerial vehicles in relation to a place.

#### **Obligations**

The Program does not impose any program specific obligations on an occupier of a place in the area to which the Program relates.

#### General powers of authorised officers

Nothing in this Program or its associated Authorisation limits the powers of authorised officers under Chapter 10 of the Act.

## 2.4 Consultation

A community engagement strategy was developed and implemented that included stakeholder analysis and suggested engagement approaches for key stakeholder groups. These activities will be undertaken by the Response Program Manager at Mackay in collaboration with industry.

Key considerations include management of messaging to protect industry interests (both sugar cane, livestock and grains sectors), staged roll-out of activities and program reach based on information availability and response priorities, and eventual need for broad community awareness and contribution to surveillance activities to confirm Red witchweed delimitation. Stakeholder groups and networks have been identified in the local Mackay area, at state and national levels.

Community engagement activities include:

- Regular contact with affected producers.
- Development of newsletter articles for local publications.
- Distribution of information through local businesses.
- Letterbox drop to all households in the Habana area.
- Delivery of community meeting presentations.
- Displays at local Agricultural show and events.
- Shed meetings
- Meetings with Harvest contractors and Utility groups

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 'aerial control measure', for biosecurity matter, means an activity, done from the air by an airborne machine or a person in an aircraft, to achieve a purpose of a biosecurity program and includes the following—

<sup>•</sup> surveying and monitoring the biosecurity matter

<sup>•</sup> distributing an agricultural chemical to control the biosecurity matter

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See section 294 (Power to carry out aerial control measures under the biosecurity program) of the Act

# 3 Authorisation of a surveillance program in the State of Queensland

I, Dr Elizabeth Woods, the chief executive of the Department of Agriculture and Fisheries (the Department) acting pursuant to section 235 of the *Biosecurity Act 2014* (the Act), authorise the Surveillance Program for Red Witchweed (the program) in the Mackay Regional Council local government area in the State of Queensland, on the basis that:

- I am satisfied there is red witchweed, which is prohibited matter under the Act<sup>8</sup>, in the Mackay Regional Council local government area; and
- I am satisfied that red witchweed poses or is likely to pose a significant biosecurity risk in the Mackay Regional Council local government area and in other areas of the State of Queensland<sup>9</sup>; and
- I am satisfied that surveillance measures are required to implement the National Red Witchweed Response Plan.

Dr Elizabeth Woods Director-General Department of Agriculture and Fisheries

Authorised on 02 / 06 / 2016

## 3.1 Biosecurity matter

The biosecurity matter to which the Program relates is red witchweed (Striga asiatica).

## 3.2 Purpose of the Program

The purpose of the Program in the State of Queensland is to:

- confirm the presence, or find out the extent of the presence of red witchweed, in parts of the State; and
- confirm the absence of red witchweed, in parts the State; and
- monitor the effects of measures taken in response to a biosecurity risk of red witchweed; and
- monitor compliance with reporting requirements about red witchweed.

# 3.3 Area affected by the Program

The Program will apply to the local government area of the Mackay Regional Council (see Map 1).

# 3.4 Powers of authorised officers

An authorised officer of the Program appointed under the *Biosecurity Act 2014*, may enter a place—other than a residence<sup>10</sup>—without a warrant and without the occupier's consent within the State of Queensland

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See section 235(3)(a) (Authorising and carrying out biosecurity program) of the Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> See section 235(3)(b) (Authorising and carrying out biosecurity program) of the Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> 'residence' means a premises or a part of a premises that is a residence with the meaning of s 259(2) and (3) of the Act

under the Program<sup>11</sup>. An authorised officer appointed under the *Biosecurity Act 2014* will also have the power to enter a place under the Program.<sup>12</sup>

An authorised officer can exercise the powers of an authorised officer under the Act in relation to the Program, if the authorised officer is appointed by the chief executive<sup>13</sup>.

An authorised officer has general powers after entering a place<sup>14</sup> to do any of the following:

General powers in the Act	Measures an authorised officers under the Program
Search any part of the place	Search a place to check for the presence or absence of red witchweed. Inspect, examine and film to assist with tracing of carriers of red witchweed to and from a place. Take samples for the purposes of diagnostic analysis, to ascertain the presence or absence of red witchweed. Identify carriers such as vehicles, footwear, clothing, other appliances or any other thing from the land, that have been in contact with red witchweed or soils upon which red witchweed has been growing with tags, notices, flags or signs for any purpose consistent with the Program. Produce a written and/or electronic note(s) to support Program activities. Take GPS coordinates to ensure accuracy of location details of carriers of red witchweed.
Inspect, examine or film any part of the place or anything at the place	
Take for examination a thing, or a sample of or from a thing, at the place	
Place an identifying mark in or on anything at the place	
Place a sign or notice at the place	
Produce an image or writing at the place from an electronic document or, to the extent it is not practicable, take a thing containing an electronic document to another place to produce an image or writing	
Take to, into or onto the place and use any person, detection animal, equipment and materials the authorised officer reasonably requires for exercising the authorised officer's powers under this division	
Destroy biosecurity matter or a carrier if the authorised officer believes on reasonable grounds the biosecurity matter or carrier presents a significant biosecurity risk; and the owner of the biosecurity matter or carrier consents to its destruction	
Remain at the place for the time necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry	
The authorised officer may take a necessary step to allow the exercise of a general power	
If the authorised officer takes a document from the place to copy it, the authorised officer must copy and return the document to the place as soon as practicable	
If the authorised officer takes from the place an article or device reasonably capable of producing a document from an electronic document to produce the document, the authorised officer must produce	

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> See section 259 (General powers to enter places) of the Act
<sup>12</sup> See section 261 (Power to enter a place under biosecurity program) of the Act

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> See section 255 (3) (Powers of particular authorised officers limited) of the Act

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See section 296 (General powers) of the Act. In this section In this section-

examine includes analyse, test, account, measure, weigh, grade, gauge and identify.

film includes photograph, videotape and record an image in another way.

inspect, a thing, includes open the thing and examine its contents.

the document and return the article or device to the place as soon as practicable.	

An authorised officer may make a requirement (a **help requirement**) of an occupier of the place or a person at the place to give the authorised officer reasonable help to exercise a general power<sup>15</sup> An authorised officer may carry out, or direct another person to carry out, the aerial control measures for witchweed at a place. The aerial control measures may include visual inspections with photographic or electronic recording for red witchweed using unmanned aerial vehicles in relation to a place.

# 3.5 Obligations imposed on a person under the Program

The Program does not impose any program specific obligations on an occupier of a place in the area to which the Program relates.

## 3.6 Commencement and duration of the Program

The Program will begin on 1 July 2016 and will continue until 30 June 2026. The duration of the program is considered to be reasonably necessary to achieve the Program's purpose.

## 3.7 Consultation with relevant parties

As required by the Act<sup>16</sup>, I, Dr Beth Woods, the chief executive of the Department of Agriculture and Fisheries have consulted, prior to the authorisation of this Program, with the Mackay Regional Council which is the local government for the area to which the Program applies.

# 3.8 Notification of relevant parties of requirements

As required by the Act<sup>17</sup>, I will give public notice of the Program 14 days before the Program starts by

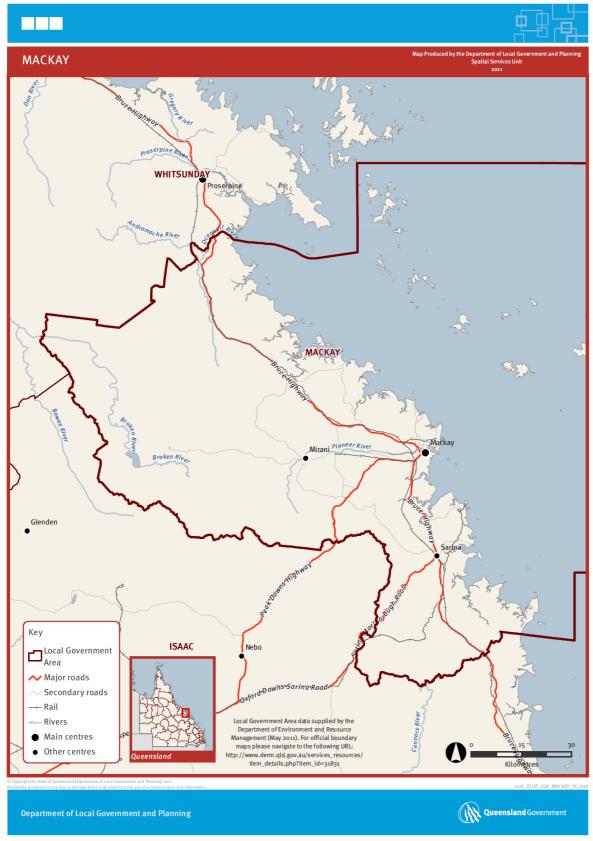
- Giving the notice, by way of letter, to each government department or government owned corporation responsible for land in the area to which the Program relates; and
- Publishing the notice on the Department's website; and
- Publishing a public notice in a newspaper circulating in the area, as appropriate.

A copy of the Program (including its Authorisation) is available for inspection at the Department of Agriculture and Fisheries head office at 80 Ann Street Brisbane and regional offices. A copy of the Program is also available to view and print at no cost on the Department of Agriculture and Fisheries website at www.daf.qld.gov.au. A copy of the Program Authorisation will be provided on request by contacting the Department of Agriculture and Fisheries Customer Service Centre on 13 25 23.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> See section 297 (Power to require reasonable help) of the Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See section 239 (Consultation about proposed biosecurity program) of the Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See section 240 (Notice of proposed biosecurity program) of the Act.



Map 1: Area affected by the Program