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Definitions

'all-tide' means that a vessel can be realistically launched into or retrieved from the waterway at the site for 100% of the tidal range

'ARI' means average recurrence interval, and refers to the average or expected time period between two occurrences of weather exceeding a certain magnitude

'capacity' means the ability to handle throughput for boat ramps, or the ability to handle multiple vessels at pontoons and floating walkways

'CHMP' means Cultural Heritage Management Plan

'CPM Reg' means the Coastal Protection and Management Regulation 2003

'CTU' means 'car-trailer unit', and applies to parking bays suitable for use by a tow vehicle with attached boat trailer

'DEE' means the Department of the Environment and Energy (Commonwealth)

'DEHP' means the Department of Environment and Heritage Protection

'demand' means the current or projected requirement at a given year to service the needs of the recreational boating community – assuming full effectiveness of existing facilities and based on current numbers of registered recreational boats only. Excludes non-registered vessels such as canoes, kayaks, sail-boards, row boats, powered vessels not requiring registration, etc.

'effective capacity' for a boat ramp means the number of lanes for boat ramps after adjusting for usage constraints such as the lack of adequate parking or tidal accessibility, or improvements to efficiency such as floating walkways or pontoons, see Appendix A for additional detail

'effective capacity' for a landing means the number of landings after adjusting for usage constraints caused by tidal and depth restrictions, see Appendix A for additional detail

'EPBC Act' means the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cwlth)

'FHA' means Fish Habitat Area

'GBR' means Great Barrier Reef

'IDAS' means Integrated Development Assessment System

'landings' means jetty and pontoon structures that facilitate direct berthing of non-trailable vessels (keel boats and >8.0m powerboats), transient vessels and/or tenders from larger vessels (where effective anchoring or mooring is available nearby)

'land-side' refers to infrastructure constructed above high water mark

'LGA' means local government area

'MCU' means a material change of use under the planning scheme

'MIIP' means the TMR works program known as the Marine Infrastructure Investment Program, with the government's Marine Infrastructure Fund forming its capital component

'MNES' means matter of national environmental significance under the EPBC Act

'NC Act' means the Nature Conservation Act 1992

'near all-tide' means that a vessel can be realistically launched into or retrieved from the waterway at the site for at least 80% of the tidal range

'NNTT" means National Native Title Tribunal

'P Act' means the Planning Act 2016

'P Reg' means the Planning Regulation 2017

'part-tide' means that a vessel can be realistically launched into or retrieved from the waterway at the site for at least 50% of the tidal range

'registration activation rate' means the percentage of registered vessels liable to be in use on any given good weather weekend day

'shd' means schedule

'shortfall' means the outstanding number of boat ramp lanes or landings as appropriate (assuming announced TMR projects/upgrades at December 2016 have been built) required to satisfy demand at a particular year, after adjustment for actual number and effective capacity considerations. A negative number for shortfall in a table signifies an oversupply

'SPL' means strategic port land

'Study' means this document including appendices and the state-wide summary

'TMR' means the Department of Transport and Main Roads

'water-side' refers to infrastructure constructed below high water mark

'WHA' means World Heritage Area

means 'number' when used in tables

1. Introduction

1.1 Background

GHD was commissioned by the Department of Transport and Main Roads (TMR) to establish the current and future demand for recreational boating facilities throughout Queensland. This resulting study is the *Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study 2017* (Study) and supersedes the 2011 study of similar name. The study replaces the *Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study 2016* by incorporating the results of the 2016 census.

The Study will be used to inform planning for the development of existing and new recreational boating facilities by a variety of agencies, including TMR, the Gold Coast Waterways Authority, local government, and port and water authorities. The Study is one tool in a broader assessment process to select and prioritise sites for development. Specifically, the Study is not binding in any way on the agencies it is designed to assist. The Study establishes demand and makes informed suggestions as to how the established demand might be addressed. The 2011 study, at December 2016, has had 66% of its recommendations adopted to a greater or lesser extent. A similar recommendation take-up rate may be expected from this Study.

This LGA report is one of a series of reports for the Study comprising LGA and state-wide components. The state-wide report details the Study background and provides an overview of demand for recreational boating facilities over the next 20 years throughout the state. The state-wide report complements individual reports for each local government area (LGA). Each LGA report identifies existing capacity, current and future demand, and potential opportunities for boating infrastructure within the LGA – with appropriate adjustment for interaction with adjacent LGA's.

1.2 Context

This LGA report has been prepared with a focus on in-water recreational facilities and infrastructure comprising boat ramps, floating walkways and landings within each LGA, which are publicly accessible by registered vessels. As car parking can significantly constrain the efficient use of a facility, it has been considered in the assessment. However, facilities used more than 50% of the time for commercial or public passenger transport (e.g. ferry terminals), private facilities (such as yacht clubs and marinas), and general recreational facilities such as canoe ramps and fishing platforms are not included as part of this study.

The types of infrastructure considered in the assessment of capacity are:

- boat ramps used for the launching and retrieval of vessels
- supporting infrastructure for the boat ramp:
 - queuing facilities (floating walkways, pontoons, queuing beaches)
 - parking for car-trailer units (CTUs)
- short-term landings accessible by deep-draught or non-trailable vessels on the outer face, or their tenders (for longer term tying up) on the inner/landward face or ends.

There may be instances where a public pontoon serves multiple purposes – as a short-term landing, as a tender tying up facility, and as a queuing facility for a boat ramp.

2. Local government area overview

The key characteristics and influences on recreational boating within the Torres Strait Island Regional Council area are that:

- The council area consists of numerous islands, 14 of which support small communities.
- Vessels are relied upon for general transportation between islands.
- There are 17 registered vessels recorded for Torres Strait Island Regional Council (Appendix A). It is expected that there are more vessels on the islands, suggesting that there are a significant number of unregistered vessels used in the LGA. No indication of actual numbers of vessels has been made available for this Study.
- The population is projected to increase from 4,785 persons in 2016 to 5,022 persons in 2036, or by 0.2% per annum. This is only a small fraction of the forecast five year average of 1.6% for the state (Appendix A).
- Windy weather significantly reduces the annual number of days that are suitable for offshore boating.
- The area is considered to be a very remote LGA under the remoteness measures used by the Australian Bureau of Statistics.

2.1 Key issues and hotspots

The primary issue in the Torres Strait Island Regional Council area is that vessels are the primary means of transportation. Residents are reliant on access to these facilities for daily transportation and activities.

3. Existing facilities

3.1 Overview of existing facilities

Being an island local government, the residents of Torres Strait Island Regional Council rely on vessels for general transportation. There are 14 islands that contain boating facilities in the LGA. Each of these islands has a barge ramp, and most have a pier for small or recreational vessels. Ramps and piers are used for commercial and recreational access, and the facilities are listed in Table 1.

3.2 Facility capacity

As these facilities provide a network between islands, the capacity has been assessed based on the number of facilities.

The boat ramp capacity is 14, and the landing capacity is 15.

4. Demand assessment

The assessment of demand for facilities on the islands is not the same as that applied elsewhere in the State. Effectively each community has demand for a facility.

The demand for boat ramps and piers is therefore 15 of each. No information has been provided by the Council to indicate that this demand is anticipated to change over time.

Location	Barge Ramp	Pier
Mer (Murray Island)	1	0
Erub (Darnley Island)	1	1
Ugar (Stephen Island)	1	1
lama (Yam Island)	1	1
Masig (Yorke Island)	1	1
Warraber (Sue Island)	1	1
Poruma (Coconut Island)	1	1
Badu (Mulgrave Island)	1	1
Arkai (Kubin) Community - Mua	1	1
Wug (St Pauls) Community – Mua	1	1
Mabuyag (Jervis Island)	1	1
Kirriri (Hammond Island)	1	1
Saibai (Saibai Island)	1	1
Boigu (Talbot Island)	1	1
Dauan (Mt Cornwallis Island)	1	1
Total	15	14

Table 1 - Boating facilities, Torres Strait Island Regional Council

5. Development needs and recommendations

Because all of these facilities are shared for commercial and recreational use, it is not practical to specifically identify boating infrastructure for recreational use.

At this stage, all islands are serviced by a barge ramp, and all islands except for Mer are serviced by a pier. It is understood that many of these structures may be nearing their design life, and may soon require replacement. Detailed consultation with the Council is recommended to determine what additional infrastructure they may require to replace ageing facilities.

Consideration should be given to the provision of a pier at Mer, should there be sufficient community requests.

5.1 Recommended priorities

Given the commercial usage of these facilities, and consideration of the development needs in the Torres Strait Island Regional Council area, it has been determined that the existing and projected demand is met by the current infrastructure.

For future reference, the methodology for selecting development priorities across the state is contained in Appendix B.

Appendices

GHD | Report for Department of Transport and Main Roads - Queensland Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study 2017, 41/30098

Appendix A – Demand assessment (Economic Associates)

Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study -2016 Census Update

Final Report

December 2017



Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study – 2016 Census Update

Final Report

Prepared for:

GHD Pty Ltd 145 Ann Street Brisbane QLD 4000

Prepared by:

Economic Associates Pty Ltd ACN 085 445 610

PO Box 541 Spring Hill QLD 4004 Telephone: (07) 3839 1011 Facsimile: (07) 3839 1022

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose of study

Economic Associates (as a sub consultant to GHD Pty Ltd) were engaged by the Department of Transport and Main Roads (TMR) to undertake an assessment of the demand for recreational boating facilities at the local government area (LGA) level. Demand projections have been prepared at five year intervals to 2036 (that is, 2016, 2021, 2026, 2031 and 2036) and take into account current and future demand for recreational boat ramps and landings.

This study represents an update to the Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study 2016, taking into account 2016 Census data.

1.2 Report structure

The report has been structured as follows:

- Section 1: Introduction: Provides an outline of the purpose of the study and report structure
- Section 2: Projected size of recreational boating fleet: Provides an overview of the assumptions utilised in preparing estimates of the projected recreational boating fleet by LGA
- Section 3: Infrastructure demand assessment: Provides an overview of the assumptions utilised in preparing estimates of the demand for new or upgraded boat ramps and landings by LGA
- Section 4: References: Provides a summary of the references utilised in preparing this report.

1.3 Disclaimer

This report is based on the most up to date readily available information. Sources are documented in the report. Economic Associates has applied due professional care and diligence in accordance with generally accepted standards of professional practice in undertaking analysis and interpretation of source information. Economic Associates is not liable for damages arising from any errors or omissions arising from use of these information sources.

As this report involves future projections which can be affected by a number of unforeseen circumstances, it represent our best possible estimates and no warranty is given that these particular projections will eventuate.



2 PROJECTED SIZE OF RECREATIONAL BOATING FLEET

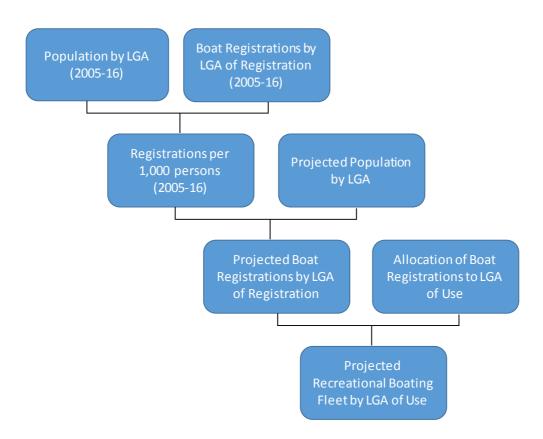
This section of the report provides a summary of the projected size of the recreational boating fleet by LGA, including a detailed explanation relating to the assumptions made in preparing the projections.

2.1 Methodology

In estimating the projected size of the recreational boating fleet, the assessment has made a number of assumptions relating to the current and projected size of the trailable and non-trailable fleet and the relationship between LGA of registration and LGA of waterway/facility use.

Figure 2.1 below outlines the methodology utilised in preparing the projected size of the recreational boating fleet by LGA of use.







2.2 Assumptions

2.2.1 Current size of recreational boating fleet

TMR provided data relating to historical boat registrations for the 2005 to 2016 period for the following categories:

- sail boats
- boats without sails, including:
 - motor boats without sails
 - speed boats
 - jet skis (or personal watercraft).

The data was provided by LGA of registration. This data was used to generate historical estimates of the size of the trailable and non-trailable boat fleet for each LGA, including the following sub-categories:

- trailable fleet, which comprises the following sub-categories:
 - boats up to 4.5 metres in length (including jet skis)
 - boats 4.5 8 metres in length
- non-trailable fleet (vessels most likely to be berthed at marinas or private moorings).

The trailable boat fleet has been estimated for two sub-classes to identify vessels that tend to be used inshore (vessels up to 4.5 metres in length) versus vessels which have the ability to travel offshore (vessels 4.5 - 8 metres in length). The 4.5 metre cut-off length was identified through consultation with LGA and port/water storage officers undertaken by GHD as part of this study, and confirmed by TMR officers as being reasonable and accepted for intended uses of the study.

Table 2.1 below summarises our assumptions in relation to the split of trailable boats and nontrailable boats based on the data provided by TMR. This assessment assumes that all boats greater than eight metres in length are non-trailable and that all jet skis are within the trailable boat fleet.

The incidence of trailable and non-trailable boats eight metres or less in length is consistent with the assumptions made in the *Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study 2011*.

Table 2.1: Estimated proportion of	trailable and non-trailable boats, 2005-2016
------------------------------------	--

Length	Trailable		Non-trailab	ole
	sail boats	Boats without sail	Sail boats	Boats without sail
<3 metres	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%
3-5 metres	90.0%	100.0%	10.0%	0.0%
5-8 metres	50.0%	85.0%	50.0%	15.0%
8-10 metres	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
10-12 metres	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
12-15 metres	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
15-25 metres	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%
>25 metres	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Source: Economic Associates estimates



In 2016, there were 996 vessel registrations that were not assigned to an LGA in Queensland¹, comprising 983 interstate registrations, five overseas registrations and eight unknown registrations. For this assessment, the following assumptions have been made for the allocation of these registrations to the trailable and non-trailable boat fleets:

- *Interstate registrations:* Interstate registrations have been allocated in the manner outlined in Table 2.1 above, as it is considered likely that the majority of interstate registrations of a trailable length are within northern NSW.
- Overseas and unknown registrations: The assessment has assumed that all overseas and unknown registrations are of a non-trailable nature.

Based on the assumptions presented in Table 2.1 above and the allocation of interstate, overseas and unknown registrations, the estimated size of the recreational boating fleet in Queensland was 279,586 vessels in 2016, comprising:

- 184,835 trailable boats up to 4.5 metres in length (including jet skis)
- 73,462 trailable boats 4.5 8 metres in length
- 21,289 non-trailable boats.

Not surprisingly, the size of the recreational boating fleet was highest in a number of South-east Queensland councils, Mackay Regional Council, Townsville City Council, and Cairns Regional Council.

Table 2.2 below presents the estimated size of the recreational boating fleet in Queensland and each of the component LGAs in 2016.

LGA of registration	Trailable		Non-trailable	Total
_	Up to 4.5m	4.5-8m		
Assessment (C)	9	9	0	18
Aurukun (S)	-		0	
Balonne (S)	229	93	14	336
Banana (S)	928	371	54	1,353
Barcaldine (R)	120	46	6	172
Barcoo (S)	22	7	2	31
Blackall-Tambo (R)	73	24	3	100
Boulia (S)	11	2	0	13
Brisbane (C)	18,600	7,539	3,009	29,148
Bulloo (S)	10	2	0	12
Bundaberg (R)	7,483	1,711	418	9,612
Burdekin (S)	2,560	887	123	3,570
Burke (S)	34	14	2	50
Cairns (R)	6,650	3,584	996	11,229
Carpentaria (S)	148	79	14	241
Cassowary Coast (R)	2,718	1,576	298	4,592
Central Highlands (R)	1,507	720	120	2,347
Charters Towers (R)	524	170	23	717
Cherbourg (S)	0	1	0	1
Cloncurry (S)	125	55	6	186
Cook (S)	304	177	67	548
Croydon (S)	11	4	0	15
Diamantina (S)	6	0	1	7

Table 2.2: Estimated size of recreational boating fleet by LGA, Queensland, 2016

¹ The 996 vessel registrations not registered in an LGA in Queensland accounted for less than 0.4% of the total recreational fleet in 2016.



Up to 4.5m4.5-8mDoomadgee (S)2204Douglas (S)9086641751,747Etheridge (S)3812151Flinders (S)83307120Fraser Coast (R)7,2522,90282110,975Gladstone (R)5,1482,4355388,121Gold Coast (C)24,4078,1213,73936,266Goondiwindi (R)65920225886Gympie (R)2,6569372353,828Hinchinbrook (S)1,4286351182,180Hope Vale (S)1714435Ipswich (C)4,5371,6302826,449Isaac (R)1,3816111112,103Kowanyama (S)8109Livingstone (S)2,8211,5075044,831Lockhart River (S)75416Lockyer Valley (R)1,285461781,824Logan (C)8,6913,59378913,074Longreach (R)191597257Mackay (R)9,9093,51581414,238McKinlay (S)821473Mapoon (S)85013	
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Longreach (R)191597257Mackay (R)9,9093,51581414,238McKinlay (S)4821473	
Mackay (R)9,9093,51581414,238McKinlay (S)4821473	
McKinlay (S) 48 21 4 73	
Maranoa (R) 544 180 22 746	
Mareeba (S) 838 353 79 1,270	
Moreton Bay (R) 16,249 5,992 1,637 23,878	
Mornington (S) 16 13 2 31	
Mount Isa (C) 700 402 43 1,145	
Murweh (S) 137 46 6 189	
Napranum (S) 7 4 0 11	
Noosa (S) 2,564 1,175 290 4,029	
North Burnett (R) 633 182 26 841	
Northern Peninsula Area (R) 25 46 9 80	
Palm Island (S) 43 37 6 86	
Paroo (S) 40 12 2 54	
Pormpuraaw (S) 3 1 0 4	
Quilpie (S) 32 8 1 41	
RedIand (C) 7,692 3,897 1,473 13,061	
Richmond (S) 45 20 2 66	
Rockhampton (R) 3,777 1,405 292 5,473	
Scenic Rim (R) 1,300 490 122 1,912	
Somerset (R) 1,037 356 68 1,461	
South Burnett (R) 1,447 450 66 1,963	
Southern Downs (R) 1,119 314 42 1,475	
Sunshine Coast (R) 12,641 4,148 1,225 18,013	
Tablelands (R) 1,695 704 150 2,548	
Toowoomba (R) 4,522 1,593 250 6,365	
Torres (S) 107 172 32 311	
Torres Strait Island (R)69217	
Townsville (C) 8,289 3,998 916 13,203	
Weipa (T) 230 237 37 504	
Western Downs (R) 1,525 643 86 2,254	
Whitsunday (R) 3,387 1,904 750 6,041	
Winton (\$) 32 11 2 45	
Woorabinda (\$) 3 0 0 3	
Wujal Wujal (S) 4 4 0 8	
Yarrabah (S) 36 25 3 64	
Interstate 560 201 223 983	
Overseas 0 0 5 5	
Unknown 0 0 8 8	
Total 184,835 73,462 21,289 279,586	

Note: All registrations with an overseas or unknown address were classified as non-trailable as they were likely to be stored in marinas or dry storage facilities. Source: Economic Associates estimates based on data provided by TMR.



2.2.2 Historical incidence of boat ownership

To determine the projected number of boat registrations in each LGA, the boat registration data, in conjunction with historical population data, has been analysed to calculate the historical incidence of boat ownership (that is, the number of boat registrations per 1,000 persons). The historical incidence of boat ownership was calculated for the trailable and non-trailable fleets, as defined in Section 2.1.1 above.

In the 2005 to 2016 period, the average incidence of boat ownership was as follows:

- trailable boats up to 4.5 metres in length (including jet skis): 0.00 140.93 boats/1,000 persons
- trailable boats 4.5 8 metres in length: 0.26 81.45 boats/1,000 persons
- non-trailable boats: 0.00 22.39 boats/1,000 persons.

The historical incidence of boat ownership is highest in coastal communities such as Hinchinbrook Shire, Burdekin Shire, Cook Shire, Douglas Shire, Cassowary Coast, Livingstone Shire, Town of Weipa, and Whitsunday. Of these coastal communities, only Cook Shire recorded a decline in the incidence of boat ownership between 2005 and 2016.

Table 2.3 below summarises the average historical incidence of boat ownership by vessel class in the 2005 to 2016 period, by LGA.

LGA of registration	Trailable	9	Non- trailable	Change in ind	cidence of hip, 2005-2010	4
	Up to 4.5m	4.5-8m	tranable	Trailable up to 4.5m	Trailable 4.5-8m	Non-trailable
Aurukun (S)	10.04	4.02	0.38	Decrease	Decrease	Decrease
Balonne (S)	40.95	17.04	2.49	Increase	Increase	Increase
Banana (S)	57.80	21.42	3.19	Increase	Increase	Increase
Barcaldine (R)	35.58	11.60	1.44	Increase	Increase	Increase
Barcoo (S)	51.88	10.19	0.79	Increase	Increase	Increase
Blackall-Tambo (R)	33.64	10.24	1.24	Increase	Increase	Increase
Boulia (S)	24.48	7.22	1.21	Increase	Decrease	Decrease
Brisbane (C)	15.62	6.91	2.83	Decrease	Decrease	Decrease
Bulloo (S)	28.32	5.12	0.81	Increase	Increase	Increase
Bundaberg (R)	74.12	16.67	4.32	Increase	Increase	Increase
Burdekin (S)	140.93	42.78	5.86	Increase	Increase	Increase
Burke (S)	57.71	19.99	3.16	Increase	Increase	Increase
Cairns (R)	39.61	20.12	5.61	Increase	Increase	Increase
Carpentaria (S)	78.97	36.00	5.52	Decrease	Decrease	Increase
Cassowary Coast (R)	89.70	47.12	9.85	Increase	Increase	Increase
Central Highlands (R)	49.70	23.49	3.81	Increase	Increase	Increase
Charters Towers (R)	40.01	11.72	1.44	Increase	Increase	Increase
Cherbourg (S)	0.00	0.26	0.00	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Cloncurry (S)	34.44	13.93	1.73	Increase	Increase	Increase
Cook (S)	95.67	50.50	17.49	Decrease	Decrease	Decrease
Croydon (S)	52.07	18.63	1.98	Increase	Increase	Increase
Diamantina (S)	4.63	3.52	3.97	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Doomadgee (S)	0.89	0.48	0.09	Increase	Increase	Increase
Douglas (S)	73.99	42.56	13.53	Increase	Increase	Increase
Etheridge (S)	37.89	10.53	1.15	Increase	Increase	Increase
Flinders (S)	46.87	13.61	2.29	Increase	Increase	Increase

Table 2.3: Historical incidence of boat ownership (registrations / 1,000 persons) by LGA, 2005-2016



LGA of registration	Trailable		Non-	Change in inc	cidence of	
			trailable	boat owners	nip, 2005-201	6
Fraser Coast (R)	66.53	26.79	7.61	Increase	Increase	Increase
Gladstone (R)	79.06	35.29	8.60	Increase	Increase	Increase
Gold Coast (C)	37.91	15.37	6.89	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Goondiwindi (R)	56.75	16.61	1.96	Increase	Increase	Increase
Gympie (R)	53.76	19.88	5.72	Increase	Decrease	Decrease
Hinchinbrook (S)	127.50	47.34	8.75	Increase	Increase	Increase
Hope Vale (S)	9.23	12.70	2.24	Increase	Increase	Increase
lpswich (C)	22.38	8.70	1.50	Increase	Decrease	Decrease
Isaac (R)	66.00	27.22	4.91	Decrease	Increase	Increase
Kowanyama (S)	12.03	1.04	0.19	Increase	Increase	Increase
Livingstone (S)	76.25	35.82	11.49	Increase	Increase	Increase
Lockhart River (S)	13.47	9.89	3.44	Increase	Increase	Increase
Lockyer Valley (R)	28.06	10.09	1.64	Increase	Increase	Increase
Logan (C)	24.97	11.89	3.11	Increase	Increase	Decrease
Longreach (R)	44.70	11.47	1.31	Increase	Increase	Increase
Mackay (R)	80.15	26.34	7.12	Increase	Increase	Increase
McKinlay (S)	44.64	21.46	2.75	Increase	Increase	Increase
Mapoon (S)	11.81	20.58	2.47	Increase	Increase	Increase
Maranoa (R)	33.16	10.21	1.05	Increase	Increase	Increase
Mareeba (S)	41.49	15.42	3.37	Decrease	Increase	Increase
Moreton Bay (R)	35.99	14.15	3.83	Increase	Increase	Increase
Mornington (S)	13.72	8.46	0.69	Increase	Increase	Increase
Mount Isa (C)	34.93	16.02	1.80	Increase	Increase	Increase
Murweh (S)	24.34	7.78	0.96	Increase	Increase	Increase
Napranum (S)	2.55	1.05	0.10	Increase	Increase	Increase
Noosa (S)	49.02	20.44	5.63	Increase	Increase	Decrease
North Burnett (R)	56.88	14.71	2.21	Increase	Increase	Increase
Northern Peninsula Area (R)	13.50	16.20	2.89	Increase	Increase	Increase
Palm Island (S)	16.22	10.97	1.26	Increase	Increase	Increase
Paroo (S)	18.54	4.45	0.68	Increase	Increase	Increase
Pormpuraaw (S)	8.67	1.63	0.46	Increase	Increase	Decrease
Quilpie (S)	31.95	4.81	1.14	Increase	Increase	Increase
Redland (C)	45.06	25.97	9.87	Increase	Increase	Increase
Richmond (S)	54.01	21.46	1.50	Increase	Increase	Increase
Rockhampton (R)	38.81	15.38	3.87	Increase	Increase	Increase
Scenic Rim (R)	29.04	11.75	3.48	Increase	Decrease	Decrease
Somerset (R)	36.11	11.96	2.16	Increase	Increase	Increase
South Burnett (R)	37.61	12.34	1.85	Increase	Increase	Increase
Southern Downs (R)	26.78	7.78	1.00	Increase	Increase	Increase
Sunshine Coast (R)	39.41	14.10	4.13	Increase	Increase	Increase
Tablelands (R)	59.99	22.48	4.76	Increase	Increase	Increase
Toowoomba (R)	24.81	8.34	1.32	Increase	Increase	Increase
Torres (S)	36.94	52.51	8.75	Decrease	Decrease	Decrease
Torres Strait Island (R)	1.24	2.16	0.38	Increase	Increase	Increase
Townsville (C)	45.60	19.29	4.71	Decrease	Increase	Increase
Weipa (T)	94.96	81.45	13.46	Increase	Increase	Increase
Western Downs (R)	39.52	16.37	2.15	Increase	Increase	Increase
Whitsunday (R)	95.32	47.25	22.39	Increase	Increase	Increase
Winton (S)	95.32 26.57	47.25 7.06				Increase
Woorabinda (S)	17.89		1.06	Increase	Increase	
Wujal Wujal (S)	17.89	4.02	0.24 1.27	Increase	Decrease Increase	Decrease
Yarrabah (S)	16.41	8.76 5.85	0.80	Increase		Increase
	14.00	0.00	0.60	Increase	Increase	Increase

Note: Decrease - a decline in the incidence of boat ownership per 1,000 persons between 2005 and 2016, Increase - an increase in the incidence of boat ownership per 1,000 persons between 2005 and 2016. Source: Economic Associates estimates based on data provided by TMR



2.2.3 Projected population by LGA

To project boat registrations by LGA, this analysis assumes that the incidence of new boat registrations post 2016 is consistent with the 2005-2016 average (as outlined in Table 2.3 above).

The assessment has relied on the latest projections prepared by the Queensland Government Statistician's office (Queensland Government 2015, Population Projections by LGA, medium series), rebased to take into consideration the 2016 population estimates published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (released subsequent to the 2016 Census of Population and Housing).

Table 2.4 below outlines the projected population of each LGA in Queensland.

	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
Aurukun (S)	1,323	1,348	1,429	1,508	1,583
Balonne (S)	4,480	4,424	4,391	4,370	4,360
Banana (S)	14,607	4,424	15,147	4,370	4,300
Barcaldine (R)	2,909	2,917	2,930	2,944	2,961
	2,909 272	2,917 260	2,930	2,944 241	2,901
Barcoo (S) Blackall-Tambo (R)			230 1,957		2,004
	1,924 437	1,936 431	426	1,978 419	2,004 413
Boulia (S)					
Brisbane (C)	1,184,215	1,253,917	1,313,403	1,382,062	1,442,700
Bulloo (S)	360	346	332	319	306
Bundaberg (R)	94,453	99,443	105,027	110,562	116,082
Burdekin (S)	17,313	17,584	17,932	18,237	18,482
Burke (S)	342	366	390	414	436
Cairns (R)	162,451	176,549	192,763	209,532	226,125
Carpentaria (S)	2,051	2,066	2,088	2,112	2,136
Cassowary Coast (R)	29,396	29,217	29,215	29,362	29,623
Central Highlands (R)	28,783	30,502	32,128	33,686	35,239
Charters Towers (R)	12,074	12,228	12,368	12,536	12,697
Cherbourg (S)	1,296	1,327	1,370	1,423	1,475
Cloncurry (S)	3,114	3,129	3,164	3,212	3,250
Cook (S)	4,424	4,460	4,489	4,500	4,501
Croydon (S)	300	303	311	318	324
Diamantina (S)	297	290	283	276	270
Doomadgee (S)	1,474	1,554	1,639	1,724	1,811
Douglas (S)	11,997	12,618	13,350	14,121	14,903
Etheridge (S)	819	801	797	793	789
Flinders (S)	1,569	1,523	1,482	1,443	1,409
Fraser Coast (R)	102,953	109,451	117,758	126,200	133,958
Gladstone (R)	63,288	71,179	79,595	88,257	96,407
Gold Coast (C)	576,918	637,516	716,113	800,916	888,608
Goondiwindi (R)	10,837	10,911	11,014	11,125	11,241
Gympie (R)	50,292	52,742	55,650	58,570	61,556
Hinchinbrook (S)	10,990	10,588	10,172	9,728	9,274
Hope Vale (S)	967	1,042	1,118	1,191	1,263
Ipswich (C)	200,123	239,761	312,287	, 397,611	494,461
Isaac (R)	21,563	22,822	24,381	26,033	27,637
Kowanyama (S)	984	1,016	1,049	1,082	1,115
Livingstone (S)	37,055	40,446	44,904	49,930	55,691
Lockhart River (S)	747	833	926	1,021	1,115
Lockyer Valley (R)	39,486	43,477	47,824	52,301	56,757
Logan (C)	39,480	343,395	47,824 386,764	432,492	493,469
0	3,727	343,395 3,622	366,764 3,530	432,492 3,441	493,469 3,360
Longreach (R) Mackay (P)	3,727 117,703		3,530	3,441 147,596	•
Mackay (R)		126,031			159,564
McKinlay (S)	810	830	849	865	879

Table 2.4: Projected population by LGA, medium series, 2016-2036



	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
Mapoon (S)	322	333	345	357	369
Maranoa (R)	12,928	13,611	14,438	15,292	16,147
Mareeba (S)	22,157	22,293	22,459	22,581	22,684
Moreton Bay (R)	438,313	484,280	536,815	584,862	627,462
Mornington (S)	1,196	1,277	1,358	1,435	1,511
Mount Isa (C)	19,332	20,060	20,821	21,553	22,266
Murweh (S)	4,391	4,306	4,235	4,167	4,109
Napranum (S)	1,001	1,025	1,049	1,068	1,086
Noosa (S)	54,033	55,976	58,591	60,599	62,406
North Burnett (R)	10,623	10,454	10,367	10,273	10,169
Northern Peninsula Area (R)	2,952	3,153	3,352	3,537	3,707
Palm Island (S)	2,602	2,724	2,854	2,981	3,105
Paroo (S)	1,686	1,605	1,534	1,468	1,408
Pormpuraaw (S)	785	828	874	919	964
Quilpie (S)	833	798	766	735	706
Redland (C)	151,987	162,352	173,030	180,987	185,065
Richmond (S)	800	761	730	703	680
Rockhampton (R)	81,589	85,694	90,105	94,555	99,104
Scenic Rim (R)	40,975	45,769	51,157	57,608	63,336
Somerset (R)	25,173	27,640	30,367	33,183	35,991
South Burnett (R)	32,747	34,237	36,000	37,783	39,542
Southern Downs (R)	35,622	36,827	38,046	39,262	40,452
Sunshine Coast (R)	303,389	338,162	379,049	423,122	467,945
Tablelands (R)	25,312	26,192	27,315	28,489	29,659
Toowoomba (R)	164,595	173,366	183,672	194,109	204,314
Torres (S)	3,789	3,900	4,028	4,161	4,301
Torres Strait Island (R)	4,785	4,836	4,898	4,958	5,022
Townsville (C)	192,058	211,600	233,015	255,311	278,025
Weipa (T)	4,024	4,373	4,646	5,008	5,347
Western Downs (R)	34,197	35,682	37,248	38,794	40,283
Whitsunday (R)	34,626	37,290	40,187	42,964	45,873
Winton (S)	1,156	1,118	1,085	1,055	1,028
Woorabinda (S)	992	1,014	1,045	1,077	1,114
Wujal Wujal (S)	296	303	310	316	321
Yarrabah (S)	2,703	2,835	3,006	3,184	3,363
Total	4,848,877	5,246,746	5,728,030	6,240,301	6,764,941

Source: Queensland Treasury (2016), ABS (2017b)

2.3 Projected size of recreational boating fleet

2.3.1 Projected size of fleet by LGA of registration

Based on the assumptions outlined above, the projected size of the recreational boating fleet registered in Queensland is projected to increase from 279,586 boats in 2016 to 381,988 boats in 2036, with the composition in 2036 anticipated to be as follows:

- 251,600 trailable boats up to 4.5 metres in length
- 100,795 trailable boats 4.5 8 metres in length
- 29,594 non-trailable boats.

Growth in the number of registrations is anticipated to be highest in a number of South-east Queensland councils, Cairns Regional Council, Townsville City Council and Mackay Regional Council.



Table 2.5 below summarises the projected size of the recreational boating fleet in Queensland by LGA of registration, between 2016 and 2036.



Table 2.5: Projected size of recreational boating fleet by LGA of registration, 2016-2036

	Trailable	Fleet up to	4.5 metres			Trailable Fleet 4.5 - 8 metres				Non-Trailable Fleet					
	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
Aurukun (S)	9	9	10	11	12	9	9	9	9	10	0	0	0	1	1
Balonne (S)	229	9 227	225	225	224	9 93	9 92	9 92	9 91	91	14	14	14	14	14
Banana (S)	928	943	225 959	223 973	224 986	93 371	92 377	382	388	392	54	55	56	57	57
· · /	120	943 120	121	973 121	122	46	46	302 46	300 46	392 47	54 6	6	6	6	6
Barcaldine (R)	22	21	21		20	40 7	40 7	40 7	40 7	47 7	o 2	0 2	o 2	o 2	o 2
Barcoo (S)	73	73	21 74	20		24	7 24	-	7 25	7 25	2	2	2	2	2
Blackall-Tambo (R)				75	76		24	24			3	3	3	3	3
Boulia (S)	11	11	11	11	10	2	-	2	2	2	Ũ	-	-	-	-
Brisbane (C)	18,600	19,688	20,615	21,686	22,630	7,539	8,022	8,436	8,914	9,337	3,009	3,207	3,377	3,573	3,746
Bulloo (S)	10	10	9	9	8	2	2	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Bundaberg (R)	7,483	7,853	8,267	8,677	9,086	1,711	1,794	1,887	1,980	2,072	418	440	464	488	511
Burdekin (S)	2,560	2,598	2,647	2,690	2,724	887	899	914	927	937	123	125	127	128	130
Burke (S)	34	35	37	38	39	14	14	15	15	16	2	2	3	3	3
Cairns (R)	6,650	7,208	7,850	8,514	9,172	3,584	3,867	4,194	4,531	4,865	996	1,075	1,166	1,260	1,353
Carpentaria (S)	148	149	151	153	155	79	80	81	81	82	14	14	14	14	14
Cassowary Coast (R)	2,718	2,702	2,702	2,715	2,739	1,576	1,567	1,567	1,574	1,586	298	296	296	298	300
Central Highlands (R)	1,507	1,592	1,673	1,751	1,828	720	761	799	836	872	120	126	132	138	144
Charters Towers (R)	524	530	536	542	549	170	172	174	176	177	23	23	23	24	24
Cherbourg (S)	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Cloncurry (S)	125	126	127	128	130	55	55	56	56	57	6	6	6	6	6
Cook (S)	304	307	310	311	311	177	179	180	181	181	67	68	68	69	69
Croydon (S)	11	11	12	12	12	4	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0
Diamantina (S)	6	6	6	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
Doomadgee (S)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Douglas (S)	908	954	1,008	1,065	1,123	664	691	722	755	788	175	183	193	204	214
Etheridge (S)	38	37	37	37	37	12	11	11	11	11	1	1	1	1	1
Flinders (S)	83	81	79	77	75	30	30	29	28	28	7	7	7	7	6
Fraser Coast (R)	7,252	7,685	8,237	8,799	9,315	2,902	3,076	3,299	3,525	3,733	821	870	933	997	1,056
Gladstone (R)	5,148	5,772	6,437	7,122	7,766	2,435	2,713	3,010	3,316	3,604	538	606	679	753	823
Gold Coast (C)	24,407	26,704	29,684	32,899	36,224	8,121	9,052	10,260	11,564	12,911	3,739	4,156	4,698	5,282	5,887
Goondiwindi (R)	659	663	669	675	682	202	203	204	206	208	25	26	26	26	26
Gympie (R)	2,656	2,787	2,944	3,101	3,261	937	986	1,044	1,102	1,161	235	249	266	282	299
Hinchinbrook (S)	1,428	1,376	1,323	1,267	1,209	635	616	596	575	553	118	114	111	107	103
Hope Vale (S)	17	18	18	19	20	14	15	16	17	18	4	4	4	4	4
Ipswich (C)	4,537	5,423	7,046	8,955	11,122	1,630	1,975	2,606	3,349	4,192	282	342	450	578	723
Isaac (R)	1,381	1,464	1,567	1,676	1,782	611	646	688	733	777	111	117	124	132	140
Kowanyama (S)	8	8	9	9	10	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Livingstone (S)	2,821	3,079	3,419	3,803	4,242	1,507	1,628	1,788	1,968	2,174	504	543	594	652	718
Lockhart River (S)	7	8	9	11	12	5	6	7	8	9	4	4	4	5	5
Lockyer Valley (R)	1,285	1,397	1,519	1,644	1,770	461	501	545	590	635	78	85	92	99	106
Logan (C)	8,691	9,431	10,514	11,655	13,178	3,593	3,945	4,461	5,005	5,730	789	881	1,016	1,158	1,347
Longreach (R)	191	186	182	178	175	59	58	57	56	55	7	6	6	6	6
Mackay (R)	9,909	10,577	11,395	12,305	13,265	3,515	3,734	4,003	4,302	4,617	814	873	946	1,027	1,112
McKinlay (S)	48	49	50	50	51	21	21	22	22	22	4	4	4	4	4
Mapoon (S)	8	8	8	8	9	5	5	5	5	6	0	0	1	1	1
Maranoa (R)	544	567	594	622	651	180	187	196	204	213	22	23	23	24	25
	838	844	851	856	860	353	355	358	360	361	79	23 79	80	80	80

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	Trailable	Fleet up to	4.5 metres			Trailable Fleet 4.5 - 8 metres				Non-Trailable Fleet					
	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
Moreton Bay (R)	16,249	17,903	19,793	21,523	23,056	5,992	6,642	7,386	8,065	8,668	1,637	1,813	2,014	2,198	2,361
Mornington (S)	16	17	18	19	20	13	13	14	15	15	2	2	2	2	2
Mount Isa (C)	700	725	752	778	802	402	413	425	437	449	43	45	46	47	49
Murweh (S)	137	135	133	131	130	46	46	45	45	44	6	6	6	5	5
Napranum (S)	7	7	7	7	7	4	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0
Noosa (S)	2,564	2,659	2,787	2,886	2,974	1,175	1,214	1,268	1,309	1,346	290	301	316	327	338
North Burnett (R)	633	623	618	613	607	182	180	178	177	175	26	26	25	25	25
Northern Peninsula Area (R)	25	28	30	33	35	46	49	52	55	58	9	10	10	11	11
Palm Island (S)	43	45	47	49	51	37	38	40	41	42	6	6	6	7	7
Paroo (S)	40	38	37	36	35	12	11	11	11	10	2	2	2	2	2
Pormpuraaw (S)	3	3	4	4	5	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Quilpie (S)	32	31	30	29	28	8	8	8	8	7	1	1	1	1	1
Redland (C)	7,692	8,159	8,640	8,998	9,182	3,897	4,166	4,444	4,650	4,756	1,473	1,575	1,680	1,759	1,799
Richmond (S)	45	43	41	40	39	20	19	18	17	17	2	1	1	1	1
Rockhampton (R)	3,777	3,936	4,107	4,280	4,456	1,405	1,468	1,536	1,604	1,674	292	307	325	342	359
Scenic Rim (R)	1,300	1,439	1,596	1,783	1,949	490	547	610	686	753	122	139	157	180	200
Somerset (R)	1,037	1,126	1,224	1,326	1,428	356	386	419	452	486	68	73	79	85	91
South Burnett (R)	1,447	1,503	1,569	1,636	1,702	450	469	490	512	534	66	69	72	75	78
Southern Downs (R)	1,119	1,151	1,184	1,216	1,248	314	323	333	342	351	42	44	45	46	47
Sunshine Coast (R)	12,641	14,011	15,623	17,360	19,126	4,148	4,638	5,214	5,836	6,468	1,225	1,368	1,537	1,720	1,905
Tablelands (R)	1,695	1,748	1,815	1,885	1,956	704	723	749	775	801	150	154	159	165	170
Toowoomba (R)	4,522	4,739	4,995	5,254	5,507	1,593	1,666	1,752	1,839	1,924	250	262	276	289	303
Torres (S)	107	111	116	121	126	172	177	184	191	198	32	33	34	36	37
Torres Strait Island (R)	6	6	6	6	6	9	9	9	10	10	2	2	2	2	2
Townsville (C)	8,289	9,180	10,156	11.173	12,209	3,998	4.375	4,788	5,218	5,656	916	1,008	1,109	1,214	1,321
Weipa (T)	230	263	289	323	356	237	265	287	317	344	37	42	46	50	55
Western Downs (R)	1,525	1,584	1,646	1,707	1,766	643	667	693	718	743	86	89	92	96	99
Whitsunday (R)	3,387	3,641	3,917	4,182	4,459	1,904	2,030	2,167	2,298	2,436	750	809	874	936	1.002
Winton (S)	32	31	30	29	29	11	11	11	10	10	2	2	2	2	2
Woorabinda (S)	3	3	4	5	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wujal Wujal (S)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0
Yarrabah (S)	36	38	40	43	46	25	26	27	28	29	3	3	3	3	4
Interstate	560	563	566	570	573	201	202	203	205	206	223	224	226	228	229
Overseas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	5	5	5
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	8	8	8	8
Total	184,835	198.834	215,790	233,554	251,600	73,462	79,223	86.171	93,430	100.795	21,289	23,068	25,180	27,382	29.59

Source: Economic Associates estimate, derived from Table 2.3 and Table 2.4



2.3.2 Allocation of recreational boating fleet to LGA of use

The projected recreational boating fleet estimates presented in Table 2.4 above outline the projected number of boat registrations in each LGA in Queensland, that is, the number of boat registrations by place of residence. However, boat owners may utilise their boat in multiple LGAs, including LGAs other than their place of residence.

In allocating boat registrations to LGA of use, the assessment undertook a review of the distribution of boating infrastructure throughout Queensland and was informed by consultation with LGA and port/water storage officers undertaken by GHD as part of this project.

Two matrices were compiled which outline the distribution of boat registrations to the relevant LGA/s of use, one for trailable boat registrations and the other for non-trailable boat registrations. These two matrices are presented in Appendix A.

In the case of trailable boat registrations, allocations were made only to those LGAs with identified public boating infrastructure. Based on information provided by GHD, the following LGAs in Table 2.6 did not appear to have any public boating infrastructure, and hence were not allocated any boat registrations for use in that LGA.

Barcoo (S)	Flinders (S)
Blackall-Tambo (R)	Longreach (R)
Boulia (S)	Mareeba (S)
Bulloo (S)	Paroo (S)
Cherbourg (S)	Quilpie (S)
Cloncurry (S)	Richmond (S)
Croydon (S)	Winton (S)
Etheridge (S)	Woorabinda (S)

Table 2.6: LGAs with no	boating infrastructure	for trailable vessels
	bouting inniustration	

Non-trailable boats, on the other hand, were assumed to be used only in the coastal LGAs listed in Table 2.7 below.

Brisbane (C)	Gold Coast (C)	
Bundaberg (R)	Gympie (R)	Northern Peninsula Area (R)
Burdekin (S)	Hinchinbrook (S)	Palm Island (S)
Burke (S)	Hope Vale (S)	Redland (C)
Cairns (R)	Isaac (R)	Rockhampton (R)
Carpentaria (S)	Livingstone (S)	Sunshine Coast (R)
Cassowary Coast (R)	Lockhart River (S)	Torres (S)
Cook (S)	Mackay (R)	Torres Strait Island (R)
Douglas (S)	Moreton Bay (R)	Townsville (C)
Fraser Coast (R)	Mornington (S)	Whitsunday (R)
Gladstone (R)	Noosa (S)	Yarrabah (S)

Table 2.7: Coastal LGAs capturing non-trailable boat registrations

2.3.3 Projected size of fleet by LGA of use

Based on 2016 data, the size of the recreational boating fleet in Queensland is projected to increase from 272,472 boats in 2016 to 371,328 boats in 2036. The size of the recreational boating fleet in Queensland is approximately 3% lower than total boats registered in Queensland



as a result of vessel registration leakage, predominantly from the Gold Coast to northern New South Wales.

A number of LGAs are anticipated to record significant registration inflows, including:

- Redland City Council (net inflow of 8,740 vessels in 2016, increasing to 14,247 vessels in 2036)
- Gold Coast City Council (net inflow of 4,594 vessels in 2016, increasing to 7,844 vessels in 2036)
- Somerset Regional Council (net inflow of 3,075 vessels in 2016, increasing to 3,697 vessels in 2036)
- Sunshine Coast Regional Council (net inflow of 1,966 vessels in 2016, increasing to 2,314 vessels in 2036)
- Hinchinbrook Shire Council (net inflow of 1,894 vessels in 2016, increasing to 2,858 vessels in 2036)
- Scenic Rim Regional Council (net inflow of 1,559 vessels in 2016, increasing to 1,608 vessels in 2036)
- Cassowary Coast Regional Council (net inflow of 1,131 vessels in 2016, increasing to 1,350 vessels in 2036).

Table 2.8 below summarises the projected size of the recreational boating fleet by LGA of use, between 2016 and 2036.



Trailable fleet up to 4.5 metres Trailable fleet 4.5 - 8 metres Non-trailable fleet Aurukun (S) Balonne (S) Banana (S) Barcaldine (R) Λ Λ Ω Barcoo (S) Ω Blackall-Tambo (R) Boulia (S) 19,401 20.712 2,761 Brisbane (C) 15,698 16,831 18.050 6,292 6.779 7.298 7.871 8,426 2,959 3,156 3.374 3.578 Bulloo (S) Bundaberg (R) 7,454 7,837 8,267 8.695 9.118 1.810 1,906 2,013 2,119 2,224 Burdekin (S) 2,853 2.937 3.035 3,130 3.219 1,091 1,128 1,164 1,199 1,060 Burke (S) Cairns (R) 7.171 7,713 8.339 8.986 9.627 3,785 4,058 4,373 4,700 5,023 1,058 1,134 1,223 1,314 1.405 Carpentaria (S) Cassowary Coast (R) 3,447 3,460 3,496 3,546 3,605 1,878 1,883 1,899 1.922 1,950 Central Highlands (R) 1.018 1,060 1,103 Charters Towers (R) Cherbourg (S) Cloncurry (S) Cook (S) Croydon (S) Diamantina (S) Doomadgee (S) Douglas (S) 1,388 1.450 1,523 1,599 1,675 1.031 Etheridae (S) Flinders (S) 2,912 Fraser Coast (R) 7.467 7.902 8.454 9.015 9.533 3,083 3,302 3,524 3,729 1,025 1.084 Gladstone (R) 5,514 6,108 6,743 7,396 8,011 2,499 2,760 3,039 3,326 3,597 Gold Coast (C) 26,541 29.038 32,440 36,153 40,195 9,501 10.545 13,509 15,198 4,818 5,322 5,985 6.705 7.473 11,964 Goondiwindi (R) Gympie (R) 2,916 3,083 3,284 3,489 3,694 1,041 1,103 1,178 1,254 1,330 Hinchinbrook (S) 2,609 2,702 2,806 2,914 3,023 1,205 1,246 1,292 1,340 1,389 Hope Vale (S) Ipswich (C) 1,179 1,410 1,832 2,328 2,892 1,090 Isaac (R) 1,715 1,822 1,953 2,093 2,232 Kowanyama (S) Livingstone (S) 3.230 3,492 3,822 4,188 4,602 1,639 1.760 1.914 2,085 2.277 Lockhart River (S) Lockyer Valley (R) Logan (C) 2,173 2.358 2.628 2.914 3,295 1,115 1.251 1,432 Longreach (R) Mackay (R) 9,185 9,803 10,558 11,396 12,279 3,299 3,505 3,756 4,034 4,327 1,069 McKinlav (S)

Table 2.8: Projected Size of Recreational Boating Fleet by LGA of Use, 2016-2036

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	Trailable fleet up to 4.5 metres						e fleet 4.5	- 8 metres	5		Non-trailable fleet				
	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
Mapoon (S)	8	8	8	8	9	5	5	5	5	6	0	0	1	1	1
Maranoa (R)	326	340	356	373	390	108	112	117	123	128	0	0	0	0	0
Mareeba (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Moreton Bay (R)	15,743	17,253	18,933	20,506	21,904	5,804	6,395	7,053	7,669	8,216	1,649	1,814	1,997	2,169	2,322
Mornington (S)	16	17	18	19	20	13	13	14	15	15	2	2	2	2	2
Mount Isa (C)	526	544	562	581	598	294	302	311	319	327	0	0	0	0	0
Murweh (S)	263	258	254	250	247	82	81	80	79	78	0	0	0	0	0
Napranum (S)	7	7	7	7	7	4	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0
Noosa (S)	2,923	3,071	3,259	3,426	3,586	1,251	1,309	1,382	1,447	1,509	339	356	378	397	416
North Burnett (R)	534	527	523	519	514	156	154	153	152	151	11	11	11	11	11
Northern Peninsula Area (R)	25	28	30	33	35	46	49	52	55	58	9	10	10	11	11
Palm Island (S)	43	45	47	49	51	37	38	40	41	42	6	6	6	7	7
Paroo (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pormpuraaw (S)	3	3	4	4	5	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Quilpie (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Redland (C)	13,870	14,948	16,310	17,667	18,993	6,030	6,549	7,187	7,805	8,389	1,901	2,062	2,256	2,437	2,602
Richmond (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rockhampton (R)	4,228	4,439	4,674	4,917	5,169	1,669	1,757	1,855	1,957	2,063	418	442	469	496	525
Scenic Rim (R)	2,570	2,736	2,924	3,134	3,328	901	962	1,032	1,110	1,183	0	0	0	0	0
Somerset (R)	3,327	3,529	3,747	3,972	4,191	1,209	1,280	1,356	1,435	1,511	0	0	0	0	0
South Burnett (R)	1,302	1,353	1,412	1,473	1,532	406	423	442	462	482	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Downs (R)	1,319	1,373	1,433	1,494	1,554	556	577	601	625	648	0	0	0	0	0
Sunshine Coast (R)	13,897	15,342	17,026	18,808	20,593	4,685	5,209	5,820	6,465	7,110	1,397	1,551	1,730	1,920	2,110
Tablelands (R)	678	699	726	754	782	281	289	299	310	321	0	0	0	0	0
Toowoomba (R)	904	948	999	1,051	1,101	319	333	350	368	385	0	0	0	0	0
Torres (S)	107	111	116	121	126	172	177	184	191	198	32	33	34	36	37
Torres Strait Island (R)	6	6	6	6	6	9	9	9	10	10	2	2	2	2	2
Townsville (C)	7,073	7,785	8,566	9,379	10,207	3,359	3,660	3,990	4,333	4,683	779	853	933	1,017	1,103
Weipa (T)	230	263	289	323	356	237	265	287	317	344	0	0	0	0	0
Western Downs (R)	1,095	1,132	1,173	1,215	1,255	440	455	471	486	502	0	0	0	0	0
Whitsunday (R)	3,900	4,180	4,490	4,795	5,115	2,039	2,170	2,315	2,457	2,605	754	814	879	942	1,008
Winton (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Woorabinda (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wujal Wujal (S)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0
Yarrabah (S)	36	38	40	43	46	25	26	27	28	29	3	3	3	3	4
Total	179,803	193,341	209,700	226,820	244,200	71,825	77,399	84,104	91,102	98,196	20,844	22,580	24,638	26,781	28,932

Source: Economic Associates estimates, derived from Table 2.5, Table A.1 and Table A.2

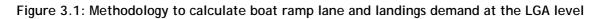


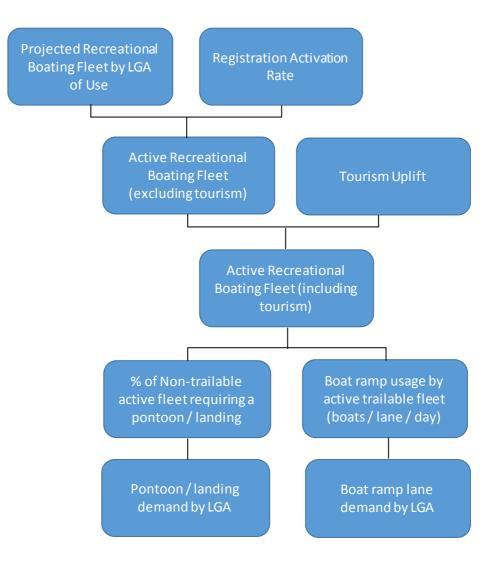
3 INFRASTRUCTURE DEMAND ASSESSMENT

This section converts recreational boating fleet projections into infrastructure demand projections for boat ramp lanes and landings (i.e. publically accessible deep-draught vessel pontoons) at the LGA level.

In determining infrastructure demand, the assessment estimates the likely number of boats being utilised on a day of average demand. This estimate is described as the active fleet. From here, assumptions are made relating to the relationship between trailable boats and boat ramp lane demand, and the relationship between non-trailable boats and likely landings demand.

Figure 3.1 below outlines the methodology utilised to calculate boat ramp lane and landings demand.







3.1 Size of active fleet assumptions

3.1.1 Registration activation rate

TMR recognises three levels of demand for marine facilities, namely:

- off-peak demand typical weekday usage
- average demand taken to be demand for a facility on weekends (and, for certain regional locations, other busy periods)
- peak demand demand for a facility at peak holiday periods or for special events.

The Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study 2011 identified the proportion of the recreational boating fleet likely to use boating facilities for each level of demand (referred to herein as the registration activation rate):

- off-peak demand: 8%
- average demand: 14%
- peak demand: 20%.

TMR policy on catering for marine facility demand is as follows:

TMR expects off-peak demand at a given facility to be met in almost all circumstances. Its program of works is aimed at satisfying average demand.

TMR does not cater for peak demand. This is because funds (provided largely by collection of recreational boat registration fees) are stretched meeting demand for basic marine infrastructure such as dredging, landings, breakwaters and boat ramps around the state, and local managing authorities cannot allocate sufficient resources (land and funds) for peak demand days. Scarce foreshore land is in intense demand for other purposes, as is funding.

An initial assessment of demand identified that applying the average demand activation rate statewide substantially overestimated the current and projected demand for facilities in some LGAs, based on complaints and observed levels of congestion at various facilities in those LGAs.

Therefore, unlike the *Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study 2011*, this study has considered differing registration activation rates by LGA.

This approach has been taken to recognise that the level of boat usage is likely to differ by LGA, depending on a range of factors, including access to recreational boating facilities, the range of recreational activities other than boating available to the community, the recreational time available to boat users (for example, retirees are likely to have more available time to undertake boating activities than persons employed on a fulltime basis), and nature of employment (for example, persons who finish work in the early afternoon are likely to have more available time to undertake boating activities than persons who finish work in the early afternoon are likely to have more available time to undertake boating activities than persons who finish work in the evening).

The consultation with LGA and port/water storage managers undertaken by GHD as part of this study indicated that recreational boaters typically use their boat to go fishing. A literature review was undertaken to identify the socio-economic and demographic characteristics of persons who participated in recreational fishing.

Ormsby, Jayne (2004) undertook a survey to identify the social, motivational and experiential aspects of recreational fishing by anglers from Queensland. The survey identified that just under



a quarter of respondents were classified as tradespersons and related workers, significantly higher than any other occupational class.

The Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) (2010) considers the participation rate of Australians in a number of sports, including fishing. This research identified that the participation rate for fishing was highest for the 55-64 year age cohort, followed by the 45-54 year age cohort. Interestingly, this result directly contradicts the findings of Department of Agriculture and Fisheries (2014), which identifies recreational fishing participation rates as being highest for the 5-14 year age cohort, and lowest for the 60+ year age cohort.

Participation rates in both studies represent the proportion of persons that participate in fishing in a given year, but do not provide insight as to the frequency of participation in that year. This means that while a certain age cohort may have a high participation rate, these persons may only go fishing once a year, while other age cohorts might have lower participation rates but higher frequency of participation. The literature review did not identify any information in relation to the frequency of participation in fishing or recreational boating by age cohort.

Our assessment has assumed that a higher average age is likely to correspond with a higher frequency of recreational boat usage, due to the greater availability of time for recreational pursuits, such as fishing and boating.

Within each LGA, the following factors were considered in refining the appropriate registration activation rate.

- incidence of blue collar employment (based on 2016 Census)
- average age of residents (based on 2016 Census)
- remoteness classification by local government area (Accessibility/Remoteness Index of Australia (ARIA+))
- whether the LGA was coastal.

ARIA+ is an index of remoteness derived from measures of road distances between populated localities to each of five categories of service centre, namely:

- distance between populated locality and population centre of 250,000+ persons
- distance between populated locality and population centre of 48,000-249,999 persons
- distance between populated locality and population centre of 18,000-47,999 persons
- distance between populated locality and population centre of 5,000-17,999 persons
- distance between populated locality and population centre of 1,000-4,999 persons.

The five distance measurements, one to each level of service centre, is recorded for each populated locality and standardised to a ratio. The ratio is calculated by dividing the measured distance for a given locality by the Australian average (mean) for that category. After applying a threshold of three to each of the ratios, all ratios are summed to produce the ARIA+ score for each populated locality across Australia. An interpolation procedure is then used to derive the index values for larger geographic areas such as LGAs.

ARIA+ is the endorsed measure of remoteness utilised by the ABS.

The fit between the ARIA+ remoteness classifications and our classification is summarised in Table 3.1 below.



Table 3.1: Fit between ARIA+ remoteness classification and EA classification

ARIA+ remoteness classification	EA classification
Highly accessible / accessible	Metropolitan
Moderately accessible	Regional centre
Remote	Remote
Very remote	Very Remote

To determine the appropriate registration activation rate, the following steps were taken:

- All LGAs with an ARIA+ classification of highly accessible or accessible (we have called metropolitan) were assigned a registration activation rate of 8%.
- All LGAs with an ARIA+ classification of moderately accessible (we have called regional centre) were assigned a registration activation rate as follows:
 - If the LGA has a higher incidence of blue collar workers and a higher average age than Queensland – registration activation rate is 12%.
 - For all other LGAs registration activation rate is 10%.
- All LGAs with an ARIA+ classification of remote were assigned a registration activation rate as follows:
 - If the LGA has a higher incidence of blue collar workers and a higher average age than Queensland – registration activation rate is 14%.
 - All other LGAs registration activation rate is 12%.
- All LGAs with an ARIA+ classification of very remote were assigned a registration activation rate of 14%.

After completing this first assessment, the registration activation rates were then adjusted to reflect whether the LGA was coastal or not. If the LGA was coastal, the registration activation rate remained unchanged. However, if the LGA was non-coastal, the registration activation rate was adjusted downwards by 2% (for example, if the registration activation rate was 12% and the LGA was non-coastal, the adjusted activation rate was 10%). This adjustment was made to reflect the extra travel distance required to access recreational boating facilities relative to persons who resided in coastal LGAs. It is considered that the further a person has to travel to access recreational boating facilities, the less often these facilities will typically be utilised. If the registration activation rate was already 8%, the rate remained unchanged.

A further reduction in activation was applied to a number of coastal LGAs in South-east Queensland with a broad offering of recreational activities, including boating, where it was determined that the appropriate registration activation rate was in the order of 6%-7%.

Based on the above criteria, Table 3.2 below summarises the activation rates applied to each LGA in Queensland.



	% Blue collar workers	Average age	Remoteness	Coastal?	Activation rate
Aurukun (S)	33.6%	29.2	Very Remote	у	14%
Balonne (S)	35.1%	38.9	Remote	n	12%
Banana (S)	45.5%	37.5	Remote	n	10%
Barcaldine (R)	35.1%	39.6	Very Remote	n	12%
Barcoo (S)	50.0%	41.4	Very Remote	n	12%
Blackall-Tambo (R)	34.7%	42.9	Very Remote	n	12%
Boulia (S)	54.1%	34.1	Very Remote	n	12%
Brisbane City	22.0%	36.8	Metropolitan	У	6%
Bulloo (S)	42.5%	33.8	Very Remote	n	12%
Bundaberg (R)	37.7%	42.9	Regional Centre	у	12%
Burdekin (S)	42.9%	42.5	Regional Centre	У	12%
Burke (S)	38.8%	39.3	Very Remote	У	14%
Cairns (R)	30.5%	37.3	Regional Centre	у	10%
Carpentaria (S)	41.2%	37.1	Very Remote	У	14%
Cassowary Coast (R)	44.1% 47.9%	41.7 33.4	Remote Remote	у	14% 10%
Central Highlands (R) Charters Towers (R)	40.3%	39.3	Remote	n n	12%
Cherbourg (S)	30.0%	25.2	Very Remote	n	12%
Cloncurry (S)	48.8%	35.6	Very Remote	n	12%
Cook (S)	38.3%	39.1	Remote		14%
Croydon (S)	40.7%	35.6	Very Remote	y n	12%
Diamantina (S)	45.3%	32.9	Very Remote	n	12%
Doomadgee (S)	27.2%	23.7	Very Remote	y	14%
Douglas (S)	35.7%	41.4	Regional Centre	y y	12%
Etheridge (S)	43.0%	39.5	Very Remote	n	12%
Flinders (S)	37.2%	40.5	Very Remote	n	12%
Fraser Coast (R)	34.4%	44.7	Regional Centre	у	12%
Gladstone (R)	46.8%	35.6	Regional Centre	y	10%
Gold Coast (C)	29.8%	39.1	Metropolitan	y	6%
Goondiwindi (R)	37.8%	39.2	Regional Centre	n	10%
Gympie (R)	40.1%	42.9	Metropolitan	у	8%
Hinchinbrook (S)	40.9%	46.1	Remote	y	14%
Hope Vale (S)	42.2%	28.3	Very Remote	у	14%
Ipswich (C)	37.7%	34.2	Metropolitan	n	8%
Isaac (R)	55.6%	32.0	Remote	У	12%
Kowanyama (S)	34.8%	29.8	Very Remote	У	14%
Livingstone (S)	38.2%	40.6	Very Remote	У	14%
Lockhart River (S)	35.3%	25.6	Very Remote	у	14%
Lockyer Valley (R)	43.4%	38.7	Metropolitan	n	8%
Logan (C)	40.3%	35.4	Metropolitan	n	8%
Longreach (R)	32.0%	39.6	Very Remote	n	12%
Mackay (R)	43.4% 40.2%	37.5 36.6	Regional Centre	у	10% 12%
McKinlay (S) Mapoon (S)	26.8%	32.6	Very Remote Very Remote	n v	12%
Maranoa (R)	35.4%	37.4	Remote	y n	10%
Mareeba (S)	36.6%	41.4	Remote	n	12%
Moreton Bay (R)	33.4%	38.0	Metropolitan	y	7%
Mornington (S)	30.8%	29.1	Very Remote	y y	14%
Mount Isa (C)	47.2%	32.4	Very Remote	n	12%
Murweh (S)	37.6%	38.8	Very Remote	n	12%
Napranum (S)	52.3%	28.7	Very Remote	y	14%
Noosa (S)	30.8%	44.9	Metropolitan	y	8%
North Burnett (R)	40.3%	43.7	Regional Centre	n	10%
Northern Peninsula Area (R)	32.3%	26.0	Very Remote	у	14%
Palm Island (S)	28.0%	27.4	Very Remote	y	14%
Paroo (S)	28.0%	41.2	Very Remote	n	12%
Pormpuraaw (S)	33.3%	30.5	Very Remote	у	14%
Quilpie (S)	40.0%	37.9	Very Remote	n	12%
Redland (C)	32.0%	40.3	Metropolitan	у	6%
Richmond (S)	39.6%	34.9	Very Remote	n	12%
Rockhampton (R)	38.1%	37.5	Regional Centre	у	10%

Table 3.2: Assumed activation rate by LGA, Queensland



	% Blue collar workers	Average age	Remoteness	Coastal?	Activation rate
Scenic Rim (R)	37.9%	41.8	Metropolitan	n	8%
Somerset (R)	43.1%	40.4	Metropolitan	n	8%
South Burnett (R)	39.2%	42.5	Regional Centre	n	10%
Southern Downs (R)	39.5%	42.6	Regional Centre	n	10%
Sunshine Coast (R)	31.6%	41.6	Metropolitan	у	6%
Tablelands (R)	35.0%	43.6	Remote	n	12%
Toowoomba (R)	34.1%	39.1	Metropolitan	n	8%
Torres (S)	26.6%	30.6	Very Remote	у	14%
Torres Strait Island (R)	30.3%	27.7	Very Remote	ý	14%
Townsville (C)	32.2%	36.0	Regional Centre	y	10%
Weipa (T)	56.5%	30.4	Very Remote	y	14%
Western Downs (R)	39.8%	37.8	Regional Centre	n	8%
Whitsunday (R)	43.7%	38.8	Remote	у	14%
Winton (S)	36.2%	44.2	Very Remote	n	12%
Woorabinda (S)	30.4%	25.3	Very Remote	n	12%
Wujal Wujal (S)	25.0%	32.7	Remote	у	12%
Yarrabah (S)	26.6%	26.8	Regional Centre	ý	10%
Queensland	31.8%	38.2	-		

Note: Highlighted cells have a higher incidence of blue collar workers / higher average age than Queensland

3.1.2 Tourism Adjustment

The following LGAs were considered to record a significant uplift in boating infrastructure demand as a result of tourism activity:

- first tier LGAs:
 - Douglas Shire
 - Cairns Regional Council
 - Whitsunday Regional Council
- second tier LGAs:
 - Townsville City Council
 - Fraser Coast Council
 - Mackay Regional Council
 - Livingstone Shire Council.

The assumed uplift in boat lane demand was assumed to be as follows:

- first tier LGAs: 20% uplift in boat ramp lane and pontoon/landing demand
- second tier LGAs: 10% uplift in boat ramp lane and pontoon/landing demand.

Consultation also identified that the northern coastal LGAs of Burke, Cook and Carpentaria Shire record significant increases in demand for boating infrastructure during winter, with significant inflows of grey nomads. However, it was also identified that boating infrastructure within these LGAs was more than sufficient to accommodate these inflows.



3.2 Projected size of active fleet

Based on the above assumptions, the projected size of the active fleet in Queensland on a day of average demand is projected to increase from 24,298 vessels in 2016 to 32,524 vessels in 2036.

The size of the active fleet on a day of average demand is anticipated to be largest in the following LGAs, reflecting the large population residing in the South-east Queensland area:

- Gold Coast City Council (2,442 vessels in 2016, increasing to 3,764 vessels in 2036)
- Moreton Bay Regional Council (1,628 vessels in 2016, increasing to 2,268 vessels in 2036)
- Brisbane City Council (1,480 vessels in 2016, increasing to 1,969 vessels in 2036)
- Redland City Council (1,314 vessels in 2016, increasing to 1,803 vessels in 2036)
- Sunshine Coast Regional Council (1,195 vessels in 2016, increasing to 1,783 vessels in 2036).

Table 3.3 below summarises the size of the active fleet on a day of average demand between 2016 and 2036.



		Fleet up to 4.				Trailab		Non-Trailable Fleet							
	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
Aurukun (S)	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Balonne (S)	5	5	5	5	5	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Banana (S)	45	46	47	48	49	18	2 19	19	20	20	0	0	0	0	0
Barcaldine (R)	34	33	32	32	31	10	11	17	20 10	10	0	0	0	0	0
Barcoo (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blackall-Tambo (R)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	-	-	0	-	0	-		-			-	-		0	
Boulia (S)	0	0	•	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Brisbane (C)	942	1,010	1,083	1,164	1,243	378	407	438	472	506	160	180	180	200	220
Bulloo (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bundaberg (R)	894	940	992	1,043	1,094	217	229	242	254	267	60	60	60	60	60
Burdekin (S)	342	352	364	376	386	127	131	135	140	144	20	20	20	20	20
Burke (S)	5	5	5	5	6	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Cairns (R)	860	925	1,001	1,079	1,156	454	487	524	564	602	120	140	140	160	160
Carpentaria (S)	66	67	69	70	72	35	35	36	37	37	0	0	0	0	0
Cassowary Coast (R)	483	484	489	496	505	263	264	266	269	273	60	60	60	60	60
Central Highlands (R)	93	97	102	106	110	43	45	47	49	51	0	0	0	0	0
Charters Towers (R)	42	42	42	42	42	14	14	14	14	14	0	0	0	0	0
Cherbourg (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cloncurry (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cook (S)	71	72	73	73	73	37	37	38	38	38	0	0	0	0	0
Croydon (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Diamantina (S)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Doomadgee (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Douglas (S)	200	209	220	230	241	126	131	137	143	149	40	40	40	40	40
Etheridge (S)	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Flinders (S)	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	3	3	3	0	0	0 0	0	0
Fraser Coast (R)	986	1,043	1,115	1,190	1,258	384	407	436	465	493	120	120	140	140	160
Gladstone (R)	551	611	674	740	801	250	276	304	333	360	60	60	60	80	80
Gold Coast (C)	1,592	1,742	1,946	2,169	2,412	570	633	718	811	912	280	320	360	400	440
Goondiwindi (R)	69	69	70	70	71	22	22	22	22	23	0	0	0	400 0	0
Gympie (R)	233	247	263	279	296	83	88	22 94	100	106	20	20	20	20	40
Hinchinbrook (S)	365	378	393	408	423	169	174	181	188	194	40	20 40	20 40	20 40	40
	2	2	373	3	423	2	2	2	2	3	40	40 0	40 0	40 0	40 0
Hope Vale (S)											-				
Ipswich (C)	94	113	147	186	231	34	41	54	70	87	0	0	0	0	0
Isaac (R)	206	219	234	251	268	88	93	99	105	112	20	20	20	20	20
Kowanyama (S)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
_ivingstone (S)	497	538	589	645	708	252	271	295	321	351	80	80	80	120	120
Lockhart River (S)	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
_ockyer Valley (R)	36	39	43	46	50	13	14	15	17	18	0	0	0	0	0
Logan (C)	174	189	210	233	264	72	79	89	100	115	0	0	0	0	0
Longreach (R)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mackay (R)	1,010	1,078	1,162	1,254	1,351	363	385	414	443	476	80	80	120	120	120
McKinlay (S)	6	6	6	6	6	2	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0
Mapoon (S)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0

Table 3.3: Projected size of active fleet on a day of average demand, 2016-2036

Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study - 2016 Census Update December 2017 16042 Report Rev B



	Trailable	Fleet up to 4.		Trailab		Non-Trailable Fleet									
	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
Maranoa (R)	33	34	36	37	39	11	11	12	12	13	0	0	0	0	0
Mareeba (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Moreton Bay (R)	1,102	1,208	1,325	1,435	1,533	406	448	494	537	575	120	120	140	160	160
Mornington (S)	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0
Mount Isa (C)	63	65	67	70	72	35	36	37	38	39	0	0	0	0	0
Murweh (S)	32	31	30	30	30	10	10	10	10	9	0	0	0	0	0
Napranum (S)	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Noosa (S)	234	246	261	274	287	100	105	111	116	121	20	20	40	40	40
North Burnett (R)	53	53	52	52	51	16	15	15	15	15	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Peninsula Area (R)	4	4	4	5	5	6	7	7	8	8	0	0	0	0	0
Palm Island (S)	6	6	7	7	7	5	5	6	6	6	0	0	0	0	0
Paroo (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pormpuraaw (S)	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quilpie (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Redland (C)	832	897	979	1,060	1,140	362	393	431	468	503	120	120	140	140	160
Richmond (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rockhampton (R)	423	444	467	492	517	167	176	186	196	206	40	40	40	40	60
Scenic Rim (R)	206	219	234	251	266	72	77	83	89	95	0	0	0	0	0
Somerset (R)	266	282	300	318	335	97	102	108	115	121	0	0	0	0	0
South Burnett (R)	130	135	141	147	153	41	42	44	46	48	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Downs (R)	132	137	143	149	155	56	58	60	62	65	0	0	0	0	0
Sunshine Coast (R)	834	921	1,022	1,129	1,236	281	313	349	388	427	80	100	100	120	120
Tablelands (R)	81	84	87	90	94	34	35	36	37	38	0	0	0	0	0
Toowoomba (R)	72	76	80	84	88	25	27	28	29	31	0	0	0	0	0
Torres (S)	15	16	16	17	18	24	25	26	27	28	0	0	0	0	0
Torres Strait Island (R)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Townsville (C)	778	856	943	1,032	1,123	370	403	439	476	515	80	80	120	120	140
Weipa (T)	32	37	40	45	50	33	37	40	44	48	0	0	0	0	0
Western Downs (R)	88	91	94	97	100	35	36	38	39	40	0	0	0	0	0
Whitsunday (R)	655	702	755	805	859	342	365	389	413	438	120	140	140	160	160
Winton (S)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Woorabinda (S)	0 0	0	0	0	0	Ő	Õ	Õ	Õ	0	0	Õ	0	0	0
Wujal Wujal (S)	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yarrabah (S)	4	4	4	4	5	2	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	0
Total	15,987	17,118	18,476	19,892	21,333	6,571	7,042	7,599	8,180	8,771	1,740	1,860	2,060	2,260	2,420

Source: Economic Associates estimates



3.3 Relationship between active fleet and boating infrastructure demand

3.3.1 Conversion of active trailable fleet to boat ramp lane demand

Converting active trailable fleet estimates into boat ramp lane demand has been undertaken based on throughput rates of ramps. In SKM (1988) and Rose et. al. (2009), a rate of 30 boats per lane per day is considered to provide unhampered overall amenity, whereas a rate of 50 boats per lane per day represents congested operations.

It has been assumed that the midpoint (40) between unhampered overall amenity (30 boats per lane per day) and congested operations (50 boats per lane per day) would represent the ideal scenario, as it balances the needs and wants of trailable boat owners against the costs incurred by local governments, port authorities, water storage managers, state governments and the private sector in providing boat ramps.

This assumption is consistent with the assumption made in the Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study 2011.

3.3.2 Relationship between active non-trailable fleet and pontoon/landing demand

The literature review did not uncover any literature relating to public pontoon/landing demand.

Public pontoon/landing demand is driven by the size of the non-trailable fleet. The assessment has assumed that on a given day, an estimated 5% of the active non-trailable fleet is anticipated to demand a public pontoon/landing.

3.4 Projected boat ramp lane demand

Total boat ramp lane demand in Queensland is projected to increase from 563 lanes in 2016 to 757 lanes in 2036 (refer to Table 3.4 below). The LGAs anticipated to record the highest demand for boat ramps are:

- Gold Coast City Council (54 boat ramp lanes in 2016, 83 boat ramp lanes in 2036)
- Moreton Bay Regional Council (38 boat ramp lanes in 2016, 52 boat ramp lanes in 2036)
- Brisbane City Council (33 boat ramp lanes in 2016, 44 boat ramp lanes in 2036)
- Redland City Council (30 boat ramp lanes in 2016, 42 boat ramp lanes in 2036)
- Mackay Regional Council (34 boat ramp lanes in 2016, 46 boat ramp lanes in 2036)
- Fraser Coast Regional Council (34 boat ramp lanes in 2016, 44 boat ramp lanes in 2036)
- Cairns Regional Council (33 boat ramp lanes in 2016, 45 boat ramp lanes in 2036)
- Townsville City Council (29 boat ramp lanes in 2016, 42 boat ramp lanes in 2036)
- Sunshine Coast Regional Council (28 boat ramp lanes in 2016, 42 boat ramp lanes in 2036)
- Bundaberg Regional Council (27 boat ramp lanes in 2016, 34 boat ramp lanes in 2036).



Table 3.4 below identifies that some LGAs have demand for less than one boat ramp lane. These LGAs currently have either little or no public boating infrastructure but recorded vessel registrations.



		Fleet up to 4	.5 metres			Trailabl		5 - 8 metr	es		Total				
	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
Aurukun (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Balonne (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Banana (S)	1	1	1	1	1	<1	<1	<1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
Barcaldine (R)	1	1	1	1	1	<1	<1	<1	، <1	، <1	1	1	1	2	2
Barcoo (S)	۱ <1	۱ <1	•	-	•			<1 <1			<1	•	ו <1		•
			<1	<1	<1	<1	<1		<1	<1		<1		<1	<1
Blackall-Tambo (R)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Boulia (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Brisbane (C)	24	25	27	29	31	9	10	11	12	13	33	35	38	41	44
Bulloo (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Bundaberg (R)	22	24	25	26	27	5	6	6	6	7	27	30	31	32	34
Burdekin (S)	9	9	9	9	10	3	3	3	4	4	12	12	12	13	14
Burke (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Cairns (R)	22	23	25	26	29	11	12	13	14	16	33	35	38	40	45
Carpentaria (S)	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3
Cassowary Coast (R)	12	12	12	12	13	7	7	7	7	7	19	19	19	19	20
Central Highlands (R)	2	2	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	4	4	4
Charters Towers (R)	1	1	1	1	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	1	1	1	1
Cherbourg (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Cloncurry (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Cook (S)	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3
Croydon (S)	<1	<1	<1	- <1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Diamantina (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Doomadgee (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Douglas (S)	5	5	6	6	6	4	4	4	4	4	9	9	10	10	10
Etheridge (S)	<1	3 <1	<1	٥ <1	<1	<1	- <1	<1	<1	<1	<1	, <1	<1	<1	<1
Flinders (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Fraser Coast (R)	24	26	28	30	32	10	10	11	12	12	34	36	39	42	44
Gladstone (R)	14	15	17	30 19	20	6	7	8	8	9	20	22	25	42 27	44 29
Gold Coast (C)	40	44	49	19 54		o 14	7 16			23	20 54			27 74	
					60			18	20			60	67		83
Goondiwindi (R)	2	2	2	2 7	2 7	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3
Gympie (R)	6	6	7			2	2	2	3	3	8	8	9	10	10
Hinchinbrook (S)	9	9	10	10	11	4	4	5	5	5	13	13	15	15	16
Hope Vale (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Ipswich (C)	2	3	4	5	6	1	1	1	2	2	3	4	5	7	8
Isaac (R)	5	5	6	6	7	2	2	2	3	3	7	7	8	9	10
Kowanyama (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Livingstone (S)	12	13	14	17	18	7	7	8	8	9	19	20	22	25	27
Lockhart River (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Lockyer Valley (R)	1	1	1	1	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	1	1	1	1
Logan (C)	4	5	5	6	7	2	2	2	3	3	6	7	7	9	10
Longreach (R)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Mackay (R)	25	28	29	32	34	9	10	10	11	12	34	38	39	43	46
McKinlay (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1

Table 3.4: Projected boat ramp lane demand by LGA, 2016-2036

Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study - 2016 Census Update December 2017 16042 Report Rev B



	Trailable Fleet up to 4.5 metres Trailable Fleet 4.5 - 8 metres									Total					
	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
Mapoon (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Maranoa (R)	1	1	1	1	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	1	1	1	1
Mareeba (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Moreton Bay (R)	28	30	33	36	38	10	11	12	13	14	38	41	45	49	52
Mornington (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Mount Isa (C)	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3
Murweh (S)	1	1	1	1	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	1	1	1	1
Napranum (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Noosa (S)	6	6	7	7	7	3	3	3	3	3	9	9	10	10	10
North Burnett (R)	1	1	1	1	1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	1	1	1	1
Northern Peninsula Area (R)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Palm Island (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Paroo (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Pormpuraaw (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Quilpie (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Redland (C)	21	22	24	27	29	9	10	11	12	13	30	32	35	39	42
Richmond (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Rockhampton (R)	11	11	12	12	13	4	4	5	5	5	15	15	17	17	18
Scenic Rim (R)	5	5	6	6	7	2	2	2	2	2	7	7	8	8	9
Somerset (R)	7	7	8	8	8	2	3	3	3	3	9	10	11	11	11
South Burnett (R)	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	5	5	5
Southern Downs (R)	3	3	4	4	4	1	1	2	2	2	4	4	6	6	6
Sunshine Coast (R)	21	23	26	28	31	7	8	9	10	11	28	31	35	38	42
Tablelands (R)	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3
Toowoomba (R)	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3
Torres (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Torres Strait Island (R)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Townsville (C)	20	21	23	25	29	9	10	11	12	13	29	31	34	37	42
Weipa (T)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2
Western Downs (R)	2	2	2	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	4
Whitsunday (R)	17	18	_ 19	20	22	8	10	10	11	11	25	28	29	31	33
Winton (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Woorabinda (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Wujal Wujal (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Yarrabah (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Total	401	425	464	496	536	162	176	190	207	221	563	601	654	703	757

Note: Economic Associates estimates, derived from Table 3.3



3.5 Projected pontoon/landing demand

In Queensland, total pontoon/landing demand is projected to increase from 87 pontoons/landings in 2016 to 121 pontoons/landings in 2036.

The LGAs anticipated to have the most significant demand for pontoons/landings are Gold Coast City, Brisbane City, Redland City, Sunshine Coast Regional Council, Cairns Regional Council, Fraser Coast Regional Council and Whitsunday Regional Council.

Table 3.5 below summarises the projected pontoon/landing demand by LGA between 2016 and 2036.

	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
Aurukun (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Balonne (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Banana (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Barcaldine (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Barcoo (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Blackall-Tambo (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Boulia (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Brisbane (C)	8	9	9	10	11
Bulloo (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Bundaberg (R)	3	3	3	3	3
Burdekin (S)	1	1	1	1	1
Burke (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Cairns (R)	6	7	7	8	8
Carpentaria (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Cassowary Coast (R)	3	3	3	3	3
Central Highlands (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Charters Towers (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Cherbourg (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Cloncurry (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Cook (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Croydon (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Diamantina (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Doomadgee (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Douglas (S)	2	2	2	2	2
Etheridge (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Flinders (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Fraser Coast (R)	6	6	7	7	8
Gladstone (R)	3	3	3	4	4
Gold Coast (C)	14	16	18	20	22
Goondiwindi (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Gympie (R)	1	1	1	1	2
Hinchinbrook (S)	2	2	2	2	2
Hope Vale (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Ipswich (C)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Isaac (R)	1	1	1	1	1
Kowanyama (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Livingstone (S)	4	4	4	6	6
Lockhart River (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Lockyer Valley (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Logan (C)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Longreach (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Mackay (R)	4	4	6	6	6
McKinlay (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Mapoon (S)	0	0	0	0	0

Table 3.5: Projected pontoon / landing demand by LGA, 2016-2036



	2016	2021	2026	2031	2036
Maranoa (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Mareeba (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Moreton Bay (R)	6	6	7	8	8
Mornington (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Mount Isa (C)	0	0	0	0	0
Murweh (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Napranum (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Noosa (S)	1	1	2	2	2
North Burnett (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Peninsula Area (R)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Palm Island (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Paroo (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Pormpuraaw (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Quilpie (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Redland (C)	6	6	7	7	8
Richmond (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Rockhampton (R)	2	2	2	2	3
Scenic Rim (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Somerset (R)	0	0	0	0	0
South Burnett (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Downs (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Sunshine Coast (R)	4	5	5	6	6
Tablelands (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Toowoomba (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Torres (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Torres Strait Island (R)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Townsville (C)	4	4	6	6	7
Weipa (T)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Western Downs (R)	0	0	0	0	0
Whitsunday (R)	6	7	7	8	8
Winton (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Woorabinda (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Wujal Wujal (S)	0	0	0	0	0
Yarrabah (S)	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Total	87	93	103	113	121

Source: Economic Associates estimates, derived from Table 3.3



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APPENDIX A

DISTRIBUTION OF BOAT REGISTRATIONS TO LGAS OF USE



Table A.1: Distribution of boat registrations to LGAs of use, trailable boat registrations

															LGA R	egistration Address														
																				E E										
																				Lea						<i>c</i>				
				⊋ € €			R R R								~ ~					la A					ÊÊ	E) p	ŵ			
				Sou Nor			ast		~ @		Ω _	Q (0)		<u></u>	S R			ê _		Isu (R)	() ()		Ê.	R)	st (3 sian) și	2	<u>,</u>	
		G 0	R	tr it	B) (B)	a (S	o alla	(S) (S)	e (S	⊙ ŵ ⊂	C (S) ist	š o š	(S)	a ()	iver	Ê ©		ay (C)	(S)	eni) w	() ()	L La	ett (R)	Coal Coal	ait Is	S (C)	E)	a (3 S) al (5	
	0) L	a (S	(S)	e (S)	(S) Derg	(R) (R)	s High	nu di	dge dge	s (S	D S COS	bro (R	3) (C	yan toni	12 ×	a (C)	n (S	a gtor	S) (S	(S) m d	S)	d (C	Rin D	Burn	nds	Stre Stre	e e	(S)	ah (An as the
	A A	ans	coo	bar bar	dek dat	ben Tris	sov	ok (s	ydo ma	igla den den	d C dsto	chir npie	vict vict	ngs	kye kye	an Skay	eet	in nin	wel	the E	5 00 1du	alan Man	kha nic	th E	shi	es es	pa	tou	al v	nov nov
	Aur -	3alo	3ar 3ar	Bris Bou	ar ang	Cai	Char Cas	8 9 0	0 1 2	ii ii O	0 3a	00 LA 10	Psv sag	vi vi	8 8	Act at o	Mar Mar	Mor Mor	Vap Var		Por Par	Ricl Rec	Sce	Sou	Sou Sun	Ton Ton	Vei Vei	Vin N	Vuj Yar	L S L
LGA OF USE																											1 2 2			
Aurukun (S)	100%																													
Balonne (S)	-	20% -					· · ·																				· · ·			· · ·
Banana (S)	-	1070					- 5% -				· · ·																	10	0%	· · ·
Barcaldine (R)	-		30% 100%													- 100%							• •					- 100%		
Barcoo (S) Blackall-Tambo (R)	-																													
Boulia (S)	-																													
Brisbane City North	-			65% 65%									- 20% -		- 20%	5%		10%				- 5% -			· · ·					
Brisbane City South	-																													
Bulloo (S)	-																								· · ·					<u> </u>
Bundaberg (R)	-	· ·			- 92% -	4 4 4					3% 5% -	4 4 4		· ·			· · ·			- 15% -										
Burdekin (S) Burke (S)	-	· ·			90%		5%			15%						· · · ·											5%	2% -		5%
Cairns (R)			++			- 94% -	4%		+ + + +	5% 20% -		+ + + +					40%								25%			-	1 1 1	
Carpentaria (S)						100%		- 80% - 10				1 1 1						30%	· · ·		· · ·		· ·			1 1			1 1 1	
Cassowary Coast (R)	-					- 3% - 9	95% - 5%			- 80% -		7%													30%					
Central Highlands (R)		· ·	70% -	40%		<u> </u>	- 54% -					4 4 4	- I - I								· · ·			$ \cdot \overline{1}$					1 1 1	
Charters Towers (R)		<u> </u>		+++		+ + +	50%	+ + +	4 4 4	70%		+ + +		+ + +				+ + +		+++		60%		+ +			+ + +		+ + +	
Cherbourg (S) Cloncurry (S)	+ +	- 1 - 1	++	 		+ + +	 	+ + +	+ + +	+ + +	++++	+ + +	 		1 1		+ + +	+ + +						1 1	- 	+ + +	+++	+ +	 	
Cook (S)	-		1 1			+ + + +	+ + + +	100%	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	1%		+++				- 	20%	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +						 		+ + + +	+ + + +		+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	5%
Croydon (S)					<u> </u>							1 1 1																	1 1 1	
Diamantina (S)	-								- 100% -														· ·							
Doomadgee (S)	-			· · · ·					100%		· · ·														· · ·					· · ·
Douglas (S)		· ·		· · · ·		- 3% -	<u> </u>			94%		<u> </u>					40%								· · ·				· · ·	
Etheridge (S) Flinders (S)	-																													
Fraser Coast (R)	-				- 4% -	+ + +	 		+ + +		93%	- 12% -								- 5% -				- 5%						
Gladstone (R)	-	- 50%			- 4% -						- 91% -			- 1%									1% -							
Gold Coast (C)	-			20%							70% 5	i%	- 35% -		- 10% 5	i0%						- 6% -	- 25%	· ·	15%	5%				30% 100% 100%
Goondiwindi (R)	- 3	30% -		· · · ·			<u> </u>				90						· · ·							· ·						5%
Gympie (R)		· ·		<u> </u>			 1% - 5%				4%	- 78% -	<u> </u>		· ·			<u> </u>		- 4%				- 5%	- 3% -		4.500			<u> </u>
Hinchinbrook (S) Hope Vale (S)							1% - 5%					10													5%		15%			
Ipswich (C)						1 1 1	 		1 1 1				- 26% -																	
Isaac (R)	-						- 5% -						88%	- 1%		4% -														
Kowanyama (S)	-	· ·												100% -										· ·						
Livingstone (S)	-	· ·				· · ·	- 30% -					· · ·	5%	- 84%		<u> </u>							9% -	· ·	· · ·					· · ·
Lockhart River (S) Lockyer Valley (R)	-	- · ·												10	- 00%			<u> </u>						· ·	<u> </u>					<u> </u>
Logan (C)															- 33 /6	5%												-		
Longreach (R)	-														· ·															
Mackay (R)	-												5%			90% -												5% -		5%
McKinlay (S)	-									<u> </u>		· · ·				100%											· · ·			· · ·
Mapoon (S)	-	· ·		· · · ·		· · ·			<u>· · ·</u>	<u> </u>		<u>· · ·</u>	· · ·			· · · · ·	00%	· · ·							<u> </u>					
Maranoa (R) Mareeba (S)	-																- 60% -													
Moreton Bay (R)				25%		111		111	1 1 1	- 1 1		111			- 10%			0%						10%	- 3%	- 1 1	- 1 1		1 1 1	
Mornington (S)	-									· · ·						· · · ·	<u> </u>	- 100% -			· · ·	· · ·				· · ·				
Mount Isa (C)				- 100%				- 20% -	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	· · ·					70%			·			\vdash	- I - I				4 1 1	
Murweh (S)		- + - +		50%	100%	+ + +	+++	+ + +	4 4 4			+ + +		+ + +				<u> </u>	100% -		- 100% -	100%							4 4 4	
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North Burnett (R)						111		1 1 1	111								- 1 1			- 80% -						- 1 1	- 1 1			5%
Northern Peninsula Area (R	:) -			<u></u> .						<u> </u>										100%	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			· · ·	
Palm Island (S)	-	· ·								<u> </u>		+							· ·		100%				<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Paroo (S)				· · · ·		+ + +	+++	+ + +	4 4 4			+ + +		+ + +		- 		<u> </u>		+ + + +				+++					+ + +	
Pormpuraaw (S) Quilpie (S)	++	- 1 - 1	+ +	 		+ + +	: : : :	 	+ + +	++++		 	 				++++	 			100%				- 	+ + +	+ + +	+ +	: : :	
Quilpie (S) Redland (C)			-	15%		+ + +	+++				10%	+ + + +	19%		- 5% 2	0%	+ + + +					89%	- 10%	11	25%		+ + + +		1 1 1	
Richmond (S)						1 1 1	1 1 1											· · ·	· ·		· · ·								· · ·	
Rockhampton (R)		- 10%					- 6% -				- 4% -			- 14%									90% -	• •						8%
	-			<u> </u>		444		4 4 4	4 4 4		5	i%				4 4 4 4		<u> </u>		+ + + -		+ + + -	- 65%			30%	<u> </u>		4 4 4	
Scenic Rim (R)		· ·					· · ·					++++	· · ·		- 20%	 	+++	. 					<u> </u>	80% - 90%		30%	30%		 	
Scenic Rim (R) Somerset (R)			-	5% -				0%				- 1 - 1		<u> </u>			- - -					a an an a								
Scenic Rim (R) Somerset (R) South Burnett (R)				5%			100		+ + +																				 	
Scenic Rim (R) Somerset (R) South Burnett (R) Southern Downs (R) Sunshine Coast (R)			 	5% -		 	100 	0% 		· · ·			· · ·		-			10%		10%	· · ·			5% -	30%	15%			· · ·	
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Scenic Rim (R) South Burnett (R) South Burnett (R) Southern Downs (R) Tablelands (R) Toowoomba (R) Torres (S) Torres Strait Island (R) Torres Strait Island (R) Tormsville (C) Weipa (T)								> - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·												5% -	30%	15%	20%		· · ·	
Scenic Rim (R) Southern Downs (R) Southern Downs (R) Southern Downs (R) Tablelands (R) Tores (S) Torres (S) Torres Strait Island (R) Torres Strait Island (R) Torres Strait Island (R) Weiga (T) Western Downs (R)								9% - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 												5% -	30%	15%	20%		· · ·	· · 5% · - · - · - · - · - · - · - · - · - · - · - · - · - · - · - ·
Sconic Rim (R) Sourbeart (R) South Burnett (R) South Burnett (R) Southern Coast (R) Tablelands (R) Torres (S) Torres (S) Torres Strait Island (R) Weistern Downs (R) Whitsunday (R) Winton (S)								9% - - -	- - - -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- - - - 5% - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -								. . . 10% 				5% -	30%	15%	20%		· · ·	
Sconic Rim (R) Sourterst (R) South Burnett (R) Southern Downs (R) Tablelands (R) Torres (S) Torres Strait Island (R) Torres Strait Island (R) Torwsville (C) Weipa (T) Weise TDowns (R) Whitsunday (R) Wintan (S)								9% - - -	- - - -	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		 								. . . 10% 				5% -	30%	15%	20%		· · ·	 5%
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Sconic Rim (R) Sourterst (R) South Burnett (R) Southern Downs (R) Tablelands (R) Torres (S) Torres Strait Island (R) Torres Strait Island (R) Torwsville (C) Weipa (T) Weise TDowns (R) Whitsunday (R) Wintan (S)								····· ····· ····· ····· ····· ···· <td·< td=""><td>. . . .</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>. </td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>. . . 10% </td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>5% -</td><td>30%</td><td>15%</td><td> 20%</td><td></td><td>· · ·</td><td></td></td·<> 10% 				5% -	30%	15%	20%		· · ·	

ECONOMIC ASSOCIATES



Table A.2: Distribution of boat registrations to LGAs of use, non-trailable boat registrations

					LGA Registration Address			
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						a P		
		S Nor S	aast ()		(S (S) (S)	(2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	() (S) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B) (B	
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	al an kn	dat oo par jija kal	Vd6 × 10 v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v v	이 아이	an kha	the Basa well in in the set to o		The set of
	ar aak Ar	an a			Ket lat of od by living sage	A Lor A Lap Mar Mar Mar	So So Sc Sc Sc Si Si Si Si	
Aurukun (S)	100% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Balonne (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Banana (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%			0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%			0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Barcaldine (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%				0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Barcoo (S) Blackall-Tambo (R)	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Boulia (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Brisbane City North	0% 0% 0% 0%			0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Brisbane City South	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 75% 75% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 25%	0% 0% 0% 40% 5% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 10% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 5% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 50% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Bulloo (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Bundaberg (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 92% 09			0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%			0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Burdekin (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 909	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 5% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 5% 0% 0% 2% 0% 0% 0% 0% 5% 0% 0%
Burke (S) Cairns (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%		1% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Carpentaria (S)		0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 100%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Cassowary Coast (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%		1% 0% 3% 0% 95% 0% 5% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 80% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 7% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 50% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Central Highlands (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Charters Towers (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%			0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Cherbourg (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Cloncurry (S) Cook (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	170 070 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Croydon (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%		1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Diamantina (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Doomadgee (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 100% 0	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Douglas (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0%<	0% 0%<	0% 0%<	0% 0% 50% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%
Etheridge (S) Flinders (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%		1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0			0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Fraser Coast (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 4% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 93% 0% 0% 0% 12% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 25% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Gladstone (R)	0% 0% 80% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 4% 09	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 1% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Gold Coast (C)	0% 100% 0% 0%				0% 0% 0% 25% 65% 0% 0% 0%		0% 100% 0% 100% 6% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 1	00% 0% 0% 50% 0% 0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 30% 100% 10
Goondiwindi (R) Gympie (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0%<	0% 0%<	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<
Hinchinbrook (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%		1% 0% 0% 0% 1% 0% 15% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 86% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 10% 0% 0% 0% 15% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%
Hope Vale (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Ipswich (C)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<
Isaac (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%		1% 0% 0% 0% 15% 0%	0% 0%<	88% 0% 1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 4% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Kowanyama (S) Livingstone (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%		1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0	5% 0% 84% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Lockhart River (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Lockyer Valley (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Logan (C)				0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	
Longreach (R) Mackay (R)	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<
McKinlay (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	
Mapoon (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<	% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 10		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<
Maranoa (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Mareeba (S) Moreton Bay (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0%<	0% 0%<	0% 0%<		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Mornington (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Mount Isa (C)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Murweh (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Napranum (S) Noosa (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%			0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
North Burnett (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<	% 0% </th <th>0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%</th> <th>0% 0%<</th> <th>0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%</th> <th>0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%</th> <th>0% 4% 0%<</th>	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 4% 0%<
Northern Peninsula Area (R	.) 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 100%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Palm Island (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Paroo (S)	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0%<		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Pormpuraaw (S) Quilpie (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0%<
Redland (C)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 5% 0% 0% 0%	% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 5% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 25%	0% 0% 0% 0% 10% 30% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 89% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Richmond (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%		1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Rockhampton (R)	0% 0% 20% 100%	100% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 15% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 14% 0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 50% 0% 0% 8% 0% 0%
Scenic Rim (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%		1% 0%<	0% 0%<	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Somerset (R) South Burnett (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%		% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Southern Downs (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Sunshine Coast (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%		1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 5% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 10% 0% 0% 0% 0% 10% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 25% 0%	0% 90% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Tablelands (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%			0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Toowoomba (R) Torres (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	17% U% U% U% U% U% U% U% U% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Torres Strait Island (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%
Townsville (C)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 59	i% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 75% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 7% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 100%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%
Weipa (T)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Western Downs (R)	0% 0% 0% 0%		1% 0%<	0% 0%<	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0	0% 0%<
Whitsunday (R) Winton (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%		0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Woorabinda (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0%<			0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% <th0%< th=""> 0% 0% 0%<!--</th--></th0%<>
Wujal Wujal (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% 0%<	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0
Yarrabah (S)	0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	1% U% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	u% u% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0%	0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 0% 100% 0% 0% 0%

ECONOMIC ASSOCIATES

Appendix B – Methodology for selecting priorities

Methodology for selecting priorities

Boat ramp facilities

The selection of recommended works and their priority level has been considered on several levels. The first level of consideration for increasing boat ramp capacity is founded on two main criteria:

- type of access required open-water or non-open-water
- preference for expansion of existing facilities if suitably located.

Expansion of existing facilities is preferred over the establishment of new facilities in locations where travel times for most users to the existing facilities are not onerous, as road infrastructure for access is already in place and the foreshore is currently allocated to the purpose. TMR's Marine facilities and infrastructure plan (2016).¹ also guides the prioritisation of boating facilities. This plan states that:

"The department favours proposals for boat launching and landing facilities that give access to the open sea at all tides.

Priority will be given to the provision of sheltered all-tide or near all-tide launching facilities giving access to the open sea on an all-tide or near all-tide basis.

Part-tide facilities (for launching or access) may be provided where there is demand, and dredged access is not feasible. For instance, beach access or open beach ramps may be provided where there is sufficient demand and no suitable nearby sheltered waterway." (Section 3.1.1 – Coastal locations – guideline).

"Access channels are not normally provided to open beach boat ramps. Beach access and open beach boat ramps are regarded as part-tide facilities." (Section 6.8 – Dredging of access channels to beach ramps – guideline).

The process used within each LGA identified opportunities to meet the need for ramp lanes for each type of access (open-water/non-open-water) at each of the priority time steps (2016, 2021, 2026 and 2036), is set out in the flowchart in Figure 1. Once the forecast shortfall for ramp lanes for a priority level has been met, further consideration of facilities falls to the next priority level until all forecast shortfall is met.

Deep-draught vessel landings

The criteria for recommended works and priorities for landings comprises:

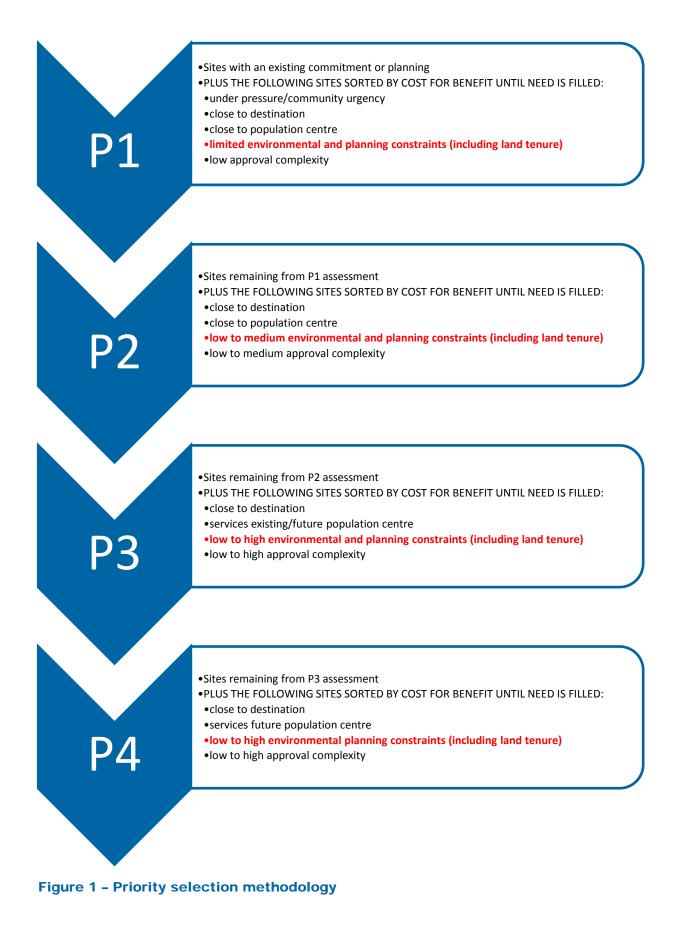
- the geographical spread of existing facilities
- unserviced destinations and popular anchorages
- access to water of sufficient depth
- access to landside services (shops or transportation) for mainland locations.

In some instances, deep water is not available and so provision for access by tenders or at higher tides is made.

In most instances where demand for additional landings is identified, there are very few locations that satisfy all needs. The prioritisation for these facilities is based on stakeholder perceptions of urgency. From a stakeholder perspective, the demand for landings is all current (that is, now). However, the recommendations have matched the timing of new landings to the demand forecast.

¹ TMR (2016) Marine facilities and infrastructure plan

GHD | Report for Department of Transport and Main Roads - Queensland Recreational Boating Facilities Demand Forecasting Study 2017, 41/30098



GHD

145 Ann Street Brisbane QLD 4000 GPO Box 668 Brisbane QLD 4001 T: (07) 3316 3000 F: (07) 3316 3333 E: bnemail@ghd.com

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