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		MERGERS, ACQUISITIONS AND TRANSFERS OF ASSETS OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

A public ruling, when issued, is the published view of the Commissioner of State Revenue (the Commissioner) on the particular topic to which it relates. It therefore replaces and overrides any existing private rulings, memoranda, manuals and advice provided by the Commissioner in respect of the issue(s) it addresses. Where a change in legislation or case law (the law) affects the content of a public ruling, the change in the law overrides the public ruling—that is, the Commissioner will determine the tax liability or eligibility for a concession, grant or exemption, as the case may be, in accordance with the law.

# What this ruling is about

- 1. Mergers, acquisitions and transfers of assets of financial institutions (business transfer transactions) are potentially liable to transfer duty under Chapter 2 of the *Duties Act 2001* (the Duties Act), in respect of the transfers of assets such as land, goodwill, mortgages and other loan securities.
- 2. In recognition of the fact that special considerations may arise in these cases, ex gratia relief from transfer duty is available for certain dutiable transactions arising from business transfer transactions, subject to certain conditions (the approved ex gratia relief).
- 3. For the purposes of this public ruling, a financial institution means an authorised deposittaking institution within the meaning of s.5 of the *Banking Act 1959* (Cwlth).
- 4. This public ruling outlines the terms of the approved ex gratia relief.

## **Ruling and explanation**

- 5. The approved ex gratia relief, as set out in paragraph 7 of this public ruling, applies where:
  - (a) all the parties to the business transfer transaction are financial institutions

and

- (b) the business transfer transaction is made under and in accordance with the *Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999* (Cwlth) (the Business Transfer Act).
- 6. To remove doubt, the approved ex gratia relief applies to mergers, acquisitions or transfers of either the whole or part of the assets of a financial institution.

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7. Subject to the conditions set out in paragraph 5, the approved ex gratia relief provides for concessional duty treatment in relation to voluntary<sup>1</sup> and compulsory<sup>2</sup> transfers of specific types of property arising from a business transfer transaction. The duty treatment for the specific property type is shown in the table below.

Item	Property transferred	Duty treatment
1	(a) A loan secured by a mortgage solely over land in Queensland	\$5 <sup>3</sup>
	(b) A loan secured by another mortgage, that is incidental to, and transferred in connection with, a mortgage referred to in subparagraph (a) (a primary mortgage) if the primary mortgage is the principal security held by the transferor	
2	A loan secured by a mortgage over property other than a loan covered by Item 1	No duty
3	An unsecured loan	No duty
4	Liquid assets required to be maintained as such to meet regulatory requirements, if the transfer of the assets is liable to transfer duty under the Duties Act.	No duty

8. Where the business transfer transaction involves other dutiable property (such as land in Queensland and goodwill), that other dutiable property will be assessed to transfer duty at the relevant rate set out in Schedule 3 of the Duties Act.<sup>4</sup>

#### Information required

- 9. Applications for the approved ex gratia relief are to include all documentation required by the Commissioner under the Duties Act and *Taxation Administration Act 2001* to assess the transaction.
- 10. Without limiting paragraph 9, the following information is required to be lodged:
  - (a) copies of any agreements/deeds relating to the business transfer transaction or where these have not been prepared, a transfer duty statement (Form D2.3)
  - (b) copy of transfer documents
  - (c) certified copies of all relevant Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority (APRA) approvals
  - (d) a copy of any statement prepared in accordance with ss.19 or 20(1) of the Business Transfer Act, where prepared

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Part 3 of the *Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act 1999* (Cwlth).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Part 4 of the Financial Sector (Business Transfer and Group Restructure) Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> As per s.24(1) of the Duties Act

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 30 of the Duties Act will apply.

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- (e) details of all dutiable property, including valuations where necessary, involved in the business transfer transaction:
  - (i) land in Queensland
  - (ii) transferable site areas
  - (iii) existing rights, including but not limited to:
    - number and value of mortgages secured solely over land in Queensland
    - number and value of other mortgages that are incidental to, and transferred in connection with, a mortgage secured solely over land in Queensland (a primary mortgage) if the primary mortgage is the principal security held by the transferor
    - value of loans secured over property in Queensland other than land
  - (iv) Queensland business assets, including but not limited to:
    - value of unsecured loans
    - goodwill
  - (v) chattels in Queensland
  - (vi) value and nature of liquidity assets that are dutiable property
- (f) where the business transfer transaction relates to the whole of the business, copies of audited financial statements.

## Date of effect

11. This public ruling takes effect from the date of issue.

Elizabeth Goli Commissioner of State Revenue Date of Issue: 19 January 2017

## References

Public Ruling	laguad	Dates of effect		
	Issued	From	То	
DA000.8.2	19 January 2017	19 January 2017	2 January 2018	
DA000.8.1	17 February 2010	17 February 2010	18 January 2017	