

Final Report for Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Corporation (GOLDOC) for the period 1 July - 31 December 2018



Letter from the Chairman

31 August 2019

The Honourable Kate Jones MP Minister for Innovation and Tourism Industry Development and Minister for the Commonwealth Games 1 William Street Brisbane QLD 4000

Dear Minister

I am pleased to submit to the Parliament the Final Report and financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2018 for the Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Corporation (GOLDOC).

I certify that this Annual Report complies with:

- the prescribed requirements of the *Financial Accountability Act 2009* and the *Financial and Performance Management Standard 2009*, and
- the detailed requirements set out in the *Annual report requirements for Queensland Government agencies.*

A checklist outlining the annual report reporting requirements can be found on pages 16 and 17 of this final report.

Yours sincerely

Damien Walker

Chairman

ISSN: 2201-0017

The Queensland Government is committed to providing accessible services to Queenslanders from all culturally and linguistically diverse backgrounds. If you have difficulty in understanding the annual report you can contact us on 13 74 68 and we will arrange an interpreter to effectively communicate the report to you.

© Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Corporation 2018

Public Availability Statement: Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games PO Box 15168
City East QLD 4002



CONTENTS Chairman's statement	4
GENERAL INFORMATION Agency role and main functions Operating environment Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Games Partners Commonwealth Games movement Risks, opportunities and challenges	5 5 5 5 6
NON-FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE Agency objectives and performance indicators Finance and Business Services Venues and Services Planning and Readiness	7 7 7 7
FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE Summary of financial performance	8
GOVERNANCE – MANAGEMENT AND STRUCTURE Organisational structure Board and Committees Executive Management	9 9 9 11
GOVERNANCE – RISK MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY Risk Management External audit Internal audit	12 12 12 12
GOVERNANCE - HUMAN RESOURCES Workforce	13
INFORMATION SYSTEMS AND RECORDKEEPING	14
OPEN DATA Online publication	14 14
CONTACTS AND LOCATION	14
GLOSSARY	15
COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST	16

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18

Chairman's statement

With the passing of time, we have an opportunity to reflect on the Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games (GC2018) and celebrate the world-class event that shone a spotlight on Queensland and left an indelible legacy.

For the athletes, spectators, volunteers and those involved in organising the mammoth event, it has left fond memories that will last a lifetime.

And for the Gold Coast and Queensland, GC2018 has enabled the delivery of new sporting infrastructure, light rail extensions, major road upgrades, rail line duplication and a former Athletes Village and Parklands which is now a thriving mixed use zone incorporating the Gold Coast Health and Knowledge Precinct. It also delivered public domain infrastructure including new public basketball and volleyball facilities on the Cairns Esplanade and upgraded heritage trails in Townsville.

GC2018 was delivered on time and on budget and has delivered benefits for all Queenslanders.

For the Gold Coast, event cities of Brisbane, Townsville and Cairns and communities throughout Queensland, GC2018 provided an opportunity to boost tourism, drive trade and investment, deliver new and improved infrastructure and extend Queensland's global status as a world-class event and tourism destination.

In 2018-19, the GOLDOC Board oversaw the dissolution of the organisation including closing out its obligations to the Commonwealth Games Federation and transferring any remaining assets or liabilities to the Queensland Government. GOLDOC dissolution took effect on 31 December 2018.

To the GOLDOC Board members, committee members and employees, I extend my appreciation for your professionalism and commitment.

To the Games delivery partners, the Queensland Government, City of Gold Coast, Commonwealth Games Federation and Commonwealth Games Australia, it has been an honour to have worked alongside you to deliver this global event that sets a new standard for future Commonwealth Games.

Damien Walker Chairman

GENERAL INFORMATION

Agency role and main functions

On 11 November 2011, Commonwealth Games Australia (CGAus) in partnership with the Queensland Government and the City of Gold Coast (CGC) was granted the right to host the Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games $^{\text{\tiny M}}$ (GC2018 or Games).

The Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Corporation (GOLDOC) was established on 1 January 2012 under the *Commonwealth Games Arrangements Act 2011* (the CGA Act). The functions of GOLDOC were to undertake and facilitate the planning, organisation, conduct, promotion and commercial and financial management of GC2018.

The Gold Coast hosted the Commonwealth Games from 4 to 15 April 2018. The Games were a memorable and exciting celebration of sport and Australian culture and created an atmosphere that inspired achievement, harmony and a sense of unity with the Games vision "to stage a great Games in a great city leaving great memories and great benefits for all". GC2018 provided the opportunity to generate long-term benefits for Australia as a nation, Queensland as a State, the Gold Coast as a city and the Commonwealth.

Operating environment

Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games

GC2018 was the largest elite multi-sport event that the Gold Coast has ever hosted and the largest sporting event to take place in Australia this decade. It saw 6,600 athletes and team officials from 71 Commonwealth nations and territories, representing more than 30 per cent of the world's population, compete and train in 23 sporting disciplines at 17 competition venues and 11 stand-alone training venues.

Brisbane hosted the shooting and track cycling events. Queensland's regional cities of Cairns and Townsville hosted the preliminary basketball rounds, allowing for a further geographical spread of benefits to extend beyond the south east Queensland region.

Games partners

Queensland Government

The Department of Innovation and Tourism Industry Development (DITID) was the Administrative Unit for the Commonwealth Games under the Administrative Arrangements Order (No.1) 2017. The role of the Office of the Commonwealth Games (OCG), within DITID, was that of first advisor to the State Government on its investment in the delivery of GC2018 and overall portfolio management.

City of Gold Coast

The City of Gold Coast (CGC) was responsible for the majority of activities involving city operations for the Gold Coast, city legacy and is the asset owner of many GC2018 venues. The Queensland Government entered into a Heads of Agreement with the CGC detailing shared commitments, including the CGC's financial contribution, to the delivery of GC2018.

Agreements between the Queensland Government and the respective councils of each GC2018 event city were also separately implemented by OCG.

Australian Government

The Australian Government provided a range of operational services to support delivery of GC2018. Major Events in the Office for Sport, Population Health and Sport Division, Department of Health coordinated the implementation of operational support across a range of areas including immigration, customs, biosecurity, intellectual property, tourism and communications. National security arrangements were coordinated by the Attorney-General's Department.

Commonwealth Games Australia

Communication Games Australia (CGAus) is the national controlling body responsible for all matters relating to the Commonwealth Games including operations, publicity and development. The CGAus entered into an agreement with the State of Queensland for the Gold Coast's candidature to host GC2018 (the Endorsement Agreement). The Commonwealth Games Federation (CGF) entrusted the organisation and staging of GC2018 to CGAus (via the Host City Contract) and the CGAus delegated this to GOLDOC. CGAus was also responsible for the preparation and participation of the Australian team at the Commonwealth Games.

Commonwealth Games movement

The CGF is the organisation that is responsible for the direction and control of the Commonwealth Games.

The CGF provided intellectual property in relation to the staging of GC2018, while CGAs were directly responsible for both the number and quality of athletes attending the Commonwealth Games within the framework established by the CGF.

Risks, opportunities and challenges

GOLDOC implemented effective integration of risk management practices to govern and monitor all risks associated with the delivery of GC2018 and subsequent dissolution. GOLDOC implemented a risk policy and guideline which adopted the relevant principles of the *Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS ISO 13000:2009*.

The GOLDOC Board (supported by its Finance and Audit Committee) was responsible for risk oversight and management of risk within the organisation. GOLDOC's Risk Management Policy and supporting guidelines provided the foundations and organisational arrangements for designing, implementing, monitoring, reviewing and continually improving risk management throughout the organisation.

The Risk Management Policy and Guidelines ensured consistent risk management principles were embedded in critical business activities.

In support of GOLDOC, the Queensland Government through the OCG, oversaw a range of whole-of-Games risks, including those associated with the development of infrastructure for GC2018 and the legacy program. Whilst GOLDOC had dependencies on the management of such risks, they were managed within the realms of the relevant agencies' risk management policies.

NON-FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Agency objectives and performance indicators

GOLDOC's priorities during 2018-19 were to finalise the dissolution of the organisation.

During this period, GOLDOC closed out remaining contracts, prepared and finalised its 2017-18 Annual Report and other statutory obligations and transitioned remaining operations to the State.

GOLDOC was fully dissolved by 31 December 2018 at which point remaining activities and obligations transferred to the Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games.

GOLDOC's key success factors and performance indicators were only relevant until the delivery of GC2018 in 2017-18. There were no targets for 2018-19 as relevant to State government reporting. In this dissolution phase, performance was assessed against delivery within budget and the required timeframe.

Finance and Business Services

During the six months of operations in 2018-19, the Finance and Business Services division provided the majority of the internal services to the rest of GOLDOC. All of the functional areas (FAs) within the division were responsible for the provision of business as usual services which were scaled down during dissolution.

Venues and Services

For 2018-19, the Venues and Services division was responsible for GOLDOC's decommissioning of infrastructure services, both permanent and temporary. This also included closing out any final venue use arrangements between GOLDOC and venue operators.

Planning and Readiness

The Planning and Readiness division was responsible for providing overarching direction and support to the dissolution activities of GOLDOC, in a coordinated and integrated manner. This also included ensuring that GOLDOC met its post-GC2018 contract and reporting obligations to the CGF.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

Summary of financial performance

The audited financial statements of GOLDOC for the six months ended 31 December 2018 are included in this Annual Report. A summary of the operating financial results, assets and liabilities is shown in the following table with a comparison against the year ended 30 June 2018.

Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games	2018-19	2017-18
Corporation	\$'000	\$'000
Income		
State Government grants	-	535,232
Commercial revenue	1,888	220,695
Other income	7,723	8,892
Total income	9,611	764,819
Employee expenses	1,198	106,441
Supplies and services	(949)	663,612
Grants and subsidies	150	13,108
Depreciation and amortisation	61	16,057
Other expenses	180	3,501
Total expenses	641	802,719
Operating result for the year	8,970	(37,900)
Assets	55,294	84,051
Liabilities	9,008	46,737
Total equity	46,285	37,314

The significant decrease from 2017-18 to 2018-19 in all categories of revenue and expenditure reflects the wind-down and closure of GOLDOC after the completion of the Games.

During the 2018-19 financial year GOLDOC did not require grant funding from the Queensland Government. Commitments were met from cash balances. Commercial revenue of \$1,888,000 relates to the finalisation of agreements, primarily sponsorship arrangements.

Other income primarily relates to the sale of assets and cost recoveries.

Employee expenses reflects the finalisation of GOLDOC staff in accordance with contractual arrangements and decommission planning.

The negative balance for supplies and services reflects that at 30 June 2018, GOLDOC recognised payables of \$40.25 million based on estimated obligations. As contracts were finalised, actual expenses were less than estimated.

GOLDOC ceased operations on 31 December 2018 and final balances of assets and liabilities were transferred to DITID in January 2019.

Asset balances at 31 December 2018 reflect cash at bank and interest receivable.

Liabilities at 31 December 2018 reflect payables to DITID which incurred expenditure on behalf of GOLDOC during 2018-19 as well as provisions for future GOLDOC costs which will need to be met by DITID.

The equity balance at 31 December 2018 was transferred to government via DITID and reflects a saving to government on the anticipated project cost of the organising committee for the Commonwealth Games.

GOVERNANCE - MANAGEMENT AND STRUCTURE

Organisational structure

GOLDOC was established under the CGA Act and was a statutory body.

Under the CGA Act, the Chairman and Board members were appointed by the Governor in Council and the Board was responsible to the Minister for the Commonwealth Games. As at 31 August 2018, following the resignation of some Board members, the Board composition reduced to eight with Mr Damien Walker being appointed as Chair for the remaining period of the dissolution phase.

During 2018-19 GOLDOC was divided into three divisions: Finance and Business Services, Venues and Services, and Planning and Readiness.

GOLDOC was officially dissolved on 31 December 2018, and at that date, GOLDOC had no employees.

Board and Committees

GOLDOC Board

The Board derived its authority from the enabling legislation.

In accordance with the CGA Act, the Board comprised no fewer than eight members at any one time. There was an equal number of members nominated by the Queensland Government and CGAus.

The objective of the Board in 2018-19 was to oversee the dissolution of the organisation in accordance with the requirements of the Act and the CGF. This included:

- completing and closing out all obligations to the CGF;
- transferring any remaining assets or liabilities to the State government;
- dissolving GOLDOC;
- and performing all acts necessary to achieve the above objectives.

Board meetings were held as required until GOLDOC was dissolved. During 2018-19, the Board met on three occasions.

The Board continued to be supported by the Finance and Audit Committee (FAC) until its 2017-18 financial reporting responsibilities were closed out.

Name	Position	Appointment date	End date
Peter Beattie AC	Chairman	19 May 2016	31 August 2018
Damien Walker	Chairman Board member	1 September 2018 25 January 2017	31 December 2018 31 August 2018
Sam Coffa AM	Board member	10 May 2012	31 December 2018
Perry Crosswhite AM	Board member	10 May 2012	31 December 2018

Name	Position	Appointment date	End date
Mike Victor OAM	Board member	10 May 2012	31 December 2018
Glynis Nunn-Cearns OAM	Board member	10 May 2012	31 August 2018
Peta Fielding	Board member	18 December 2014	31 August 2018
John Witheriff	Board member	2 April 2015	31 December 2018
Dale Dickson PSM	Board member	2 April 2015	31 December 2018
Bob Gordon	Board member	20 May 2016	31 August 2018
Craig Phillips	Board member	21 July 2016	31 December 2018
Bronwyn Morris	Board member	21 July 2016	31 December 2018

Having delivered on the Board's objectives, some of the Board members resigned from their positions effective 31 August 2018. The balance of the Board, with equal representation from CGAus, oversaw wind up activities until GOLDOC's dissolution on 31 December 2018.

Finance and Audit Committee

The purpose of the FAC was to assist the Board in discharging its responsibilities under the *Financial Accountability Act 2009*, *Financial and Performance Management Standard 2019*, *Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982* and the CGA Act, and its obligations to other bodies including the CGF, in relation to financial accounting, reporting and risk management.

The FAC was an advisory committee established by the Board. The Board did not delegate any decision-making authority to the FAC however; it could bring particular matters to the Board's attention and make recommendations for the Board's approval. Subject to approval by the Board, the FAC was able to engage independent external consultants as necessary to meet its obligations.

The names, positions and appointment terms for FAC members are detailed in the table below:

Name	Position	Appointment date	End date
Bronwyn Morris	Chair	12 June 2012	16 August 2018
Perry Crosswhite AM	Member	12 June 2012	16 August 2018
Peter Bryant	Member	15 June 2016	16 August 2018
Glenn Poole	Member	15 June 2016	16 August 2018
Ian Rodin	Member	8 September 2016	16 August 2018

Having concluded its support of the Board's financial reporting obligations, the FAC was disbanded following its final meeting on 16 August 2018.

Executive Management

Mark Peters, Chief Executive Officer

Mark Peters was GOLDOC's Chief Executive Officer, a position he accepted after leading the Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Bid Company. He completed his contract with GOLDOC on 31 August 2018.

Brian Nourse, Deputy Chief Executive Officer

Brian Nourse was appointed as Deputy Chief Executive Officer in early 2017, having initially joined GOLDOC as General Manager Planning and Readiness in late 2014. He completed his contract with GOLDOC on 31 August 2018.

Ian Whitehead, General Manager - Venues and Services

Ian Whitehead was General Manager Venues and Services after having played a key role in the planning of infrastructure and the development of the successful GC2018 bid. Ian completed his contract with GOLDOC on 31 August 2018.

Helen Moore, General Manager - Finance and Business Services

Helen Moore was appointed as General Manager Finance and Business Services in April 2012. Helen oversaw the finalisation of GOLDOC's dissolution activities until the completion of her contract on 30 December 2018.

GOVERNANCE - RISK MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Risk Management

GOLDOC recognised that it had a responsibility to manage risks, protect its people, reputation, communities and the interests of its stakeholders and partners. Risk recognition and management were viewed by GOLDOC as integral to the successful execution of its strategy.

GOLDOC's risk management framework adopted the relevant principles of the *Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS ISO 31000:2009.*

Through the risk management framework, consistent risk management principles were embedded in all critical business activities and FAs. Risk controls were designed and implemented to mitigate the impact of risks to GOLDOC's objectives. The effectiveness of these controls was systematically reviewed at the Board, Committee, executive and divisional levels, and where necessary, improved. GOLDOC was committed to the effective implementation and integration of risk management practices. It adopted best practices where appropriate in the identification, evaluation and cost effective control of risks to ensure that they were eliminated or reduced to an acceptable level.

A key consideration in developing the risk management framework was its application across the whole of Games and integration with key delivery partners. The framework established a process by which this could be monitored, reported and integrated so that a whole of Games approach was taken.

GOLDOC abided by the following guiding principles for managing risk:

- Ensuring GOLDOC had a robust internal culture and process that was capable of identifying and managing its risks,
- Promoting a culture where risk management was understood to be everyone's responsibility,
- Managing risks in accordance with best practice,
- Establishing clear roles, responsibilities and reporting lines for risk management, and
- Maintaining effective communication about risk and GOLDOC's approach to risk taking.

External audit

Each year, an external audit was conducted on GOLDOC's financial statements by the Queensland Audit Office (QAO). QAO issued an unqualified audit report for the 2018-19 financial statements on 30 July 2019.

Internal audit

The internal audit function for GOLDOC was established in 2015-16 and was delivered through its partnership with KPMG. Internal audit supported GOLDOC's corporate governance framework by providing the Board, the FAC and management with:

- assurance that GOLDOC had effective and adequate internal controls in place to support the achievement of its objectives, including the management of risk, and
- advice with respect to GOLDOC's internal controls and business processes.

This assurance and advice were review activities which continuously reinforced management's responsibility for effective internal controls.

The FAC had due regard to Queensland Treasury's *Audit Committee Guidelines* when it established the internal audit function, including its charter. The way the FAC oversaw and managed internal audit was aligned with the guidelines.

Upon the disbanding of the FAC, the internal audit function was also concluded.

GOVERNANCE – HUMAN RESOURCES

Workforce

At the commencement of 2018-19, GOLDOC's staffing was at 44 employees.

As dissolution of GOLDOC progressed, staffing levels reduced. From October 2018, GOLDOC's operations were managed by one (1) employee with OCG support and oversight of GOLDOC's dissolution.

INFORMATION SYSTEMS AND RECORDKEEPING

GOLDOC ensured ongoing compliance with the *Public Records Act 2002, Information standard 40 – recordkeeping and Information standard 31 – retention and disposal* of public records through the operation of its recordkeeping strategy. Policies were in place for recordkeeping, information management, retention and disposal of records, information security and right to information.

GOLDOC ensured that relevant documents, records and files were transferred to the State as part of its dissolution.

OPEN DATA

In accordance with the *Right to Information Act 2009*, GOLDOC's 2017-18 consultancies, Board remuneration and overseas travel were published through the Queensland Government's <u>Open Data website</u>¹ instead of in the Annual Report.

Online publication

GOLDOC will publish its Final Annual Report 2018-19 online at the DITID website.

CONTACTS AND LOCATION

Department of Innovation and Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games

1 William Street Brisbane QLD 4000

Post

PO Box 15168 City East QLD 4002

Phone

Within Australia: 13 QGOV (13 74 68) Outside Australia: +61 7 3405 0970

¹ http://www.data.gld.gov.au

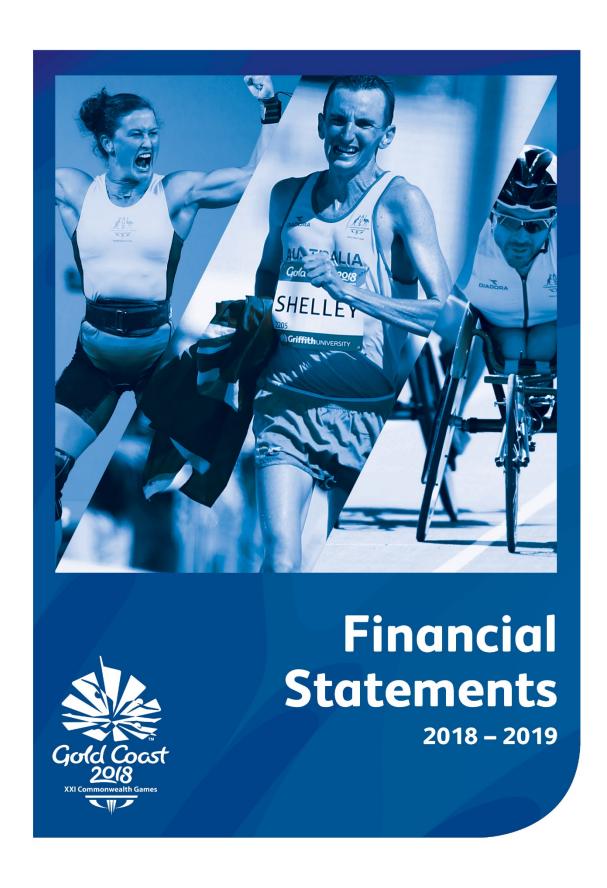
GLOSSARY

Acronym	Definition
ARR	Annual report requirement
Bid Book	Gold Coast City Candidature File
CGA	Commonwealth Games Association
CGAus	Commonwealth Games Australia
CGC	City of Gold Coast
CGF	Commonwealth Games Federation
DITID	Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games
FA	Functional area
FAC	Finance and Audit Committee
Games	Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games™
GC2018	Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games™
GOLDOC	Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Corporation
OCG	Office of the Commonwealth Games
QAO	Queensland Audit Office

COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

Summary of requirement		mmary of requirement Basis for requirement	
Letter of compliance	A letter of compliance from the accountable officer or statutory body to the relevant Minister	ARRs – section 7	1
Accessibility	 Table of contents Glossary	ARRs – section 9.1	3 15
	Public availability	ARRs – section 9.2	2
	Interpreter service statement	Queensland Government Language Services Policy ARRs – section 9.3	2
	Copyright notice	Copyright Act 1968 ARRs – section 9.4	2
	Information licensing	QGEA – Information Licensing ARRs – section 9.5	N/A
General information	Introductory information	ARRs – section 10.1	5
	Agency role and main functions	ARRs – section 10.2	5
	Operating environment	ARRs – section 10.3	5
Non-financial performance	Government's objectives for the community	ARRs – section 11.1	7
	Other whole of government plans/ specific initiatives	ARRs – section 11.2	N/A
	Agency objectives and performance indicators	ARRs – section 11.3	7
	Agency service areas and service standards	ARRs – section 11.4	7
Financial performance	Summary of financial performance	ARRs – section 12.1	8
	Organisational structure	ARRs – section 13.1	9
	Executive management	ARRs – section 13.2	11

Summary of re	equirement	Basis for requirement	Annual report page #
Governance – management and structure	Government bodies (Statutory Bodies and other entities)	ARRs – section 13.3	N/A
	Public Sector Ethics Act 1994	Public Sector Ethics Act 1994 ARRs – section 13.4	N/A
	Queensland Public Service Values	ARRs – section 13.5	N/A
Governance -	Risk management	ARRs – section 14.1	12
risk management	Audit committee	ARRs – section 14.2	10
and accountability	Internal audit	ARRs – section 14.3	12
	External scrutiny	ARRs – section 14.4	12
	Information systems and recordkeeping	ARRs – section 14.5	14
Governance – human	Workforce planning and performance	ARRs – section 15.1	13
resources	Early retirement, redundancy and retrenchment	Directive No.11/12 Early Retirement, Redundancy and Retrenchment	N/A
		Directive No. 16/16 Early Retirement, Redundancy and Retrenchment (From 20 May 2016)	
		ARRs – section 15.2	
Open Data	Consultancies	ARRs – section 33.1	14
	Overseas Travel	ARRs – section 33.2	14
	Queensland Language Services Policy	ARRs – section 33.3	N/A
Financial statements	Certification of financial statements	FAA – section 62 FPMS – sections 42, 43 and 50 ARRs – section 17.1	See Financial Statements
	Independent Auditor's Report	FAA – section 62 FPMS – section 50 ARRs – section 17.2	See Financial Statements



These financial statements cover the Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Corporation (GO	
A description of the nature of GOLDOC's objectives and its principal activities is included in the the financial statements.	notes to
For information in relation to GOLDOC's financial statements contact: please call (07) 3333 52 corporate@ditid.qld.gov.au or visit the internet site www.ditid.qld.gov.au.	31, email
Amounts shown in these financial statements may not add to the correct sub-totals or totals derounding.	ue to
Financial Statements for the period 1 July 2018 to 31 December 2018	Page 2

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ST	ATEME	NT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	5
ST	ATEME	NT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	6
ST	ATEME	NT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	7
ST	ATEME	NT OF CASH FLOWS	8
N	TES TO	O AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10
	1	Corporation	10
	1.1	General information	
	1.2	Objectives and principal activities of GOLDOC	
	1.3	Responsibilities of other Queensland Government agencies	10
	2	Basis of financial statement preparation	10
	2.1	Compliance with prescribed requirements	
	2.2	Presentation	
	2.3	Authorisation of financial statements for issue	11
	2.4	Basis of measurement	11
	2.5	The reporting entity	11
	3	First year application of new accounting standards or change in policy	11
	3.1	Changes in accounting policy	
	3.2	Accounting standards applied for the first time	11
	3.3	Accounting standards early adopted	11
	4	Taxation	11
	5	Notes about our financial performance	12
	5.1	Grants and other contributions	
	5.2	Commercial revenue	12
	5.3	Other income	12
	5.4	Employee expenses	13
	5.5	Supplies and services	14
	5.6	Grants	
	5.7	Other expenses	14
	6	Notes about our financial position	15
	6.1	Cash and cash equivalents	
	6.2	Receivables	
	6.3	Other assets	
	6.4	Plant and equipment and depreciation expense	
	6.5	Intangible assets and amortisation expense	
	6.6	Payables	
	6.7	Provisions	
	6.8	Accrued employee benefits	
	7	Financial risk disclosures	
	7.1	Financial instruments categories	21
	7.1 7.2	Financial instruments categories	21 22
	7.1 7.2 7.3	Financial instruments categories Financial risk management Risk measurement and management strategies	21 22 23
	7.1 7.2	Financial instruments categories Financial risk management Risk measurement and management strategies Maximum financial risk exposure	21 22 23 23
	7.1 7.2 7.3	Financial instruments categories Financial risk management Risk measurement and management strategies	21 22 23 23 23

	9	Key management personnel (KMP) disclosures	. 24
	9.1	Details of KMP	
	9.2	KMP remuneration policies	. 25
	9.3	KMP remuneration expenses	. 26
	9.4	KMP retention payments	. 28
	10	Related Party Transactions	.29
	10.1	Transactions with KMP	
	10.2	Transactions with people/entities related to KMP	. 29
	10.3	Transactions with other Queensland Government-controlled entities	. 29
	11	Future impact of accounting standards not yet effective	.30
	12	Events occurring after the reporting period	.30
	13	Amounts transferred to the Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games on 2 January 2019	.30
	14	Budgetary reporting disclosures	.31
	14.1	Statement of Comprehensive Income	
	14.2		22
	17.2	Statement of Financial Position	. 32
	14.3	Statement of Financial Position	
MA	14.3		. 33

GOLD COAST 2018 COMMONWEALTH GAMES CORPORATION STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 1 JULY 2018 TO 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Income from continuing operations			
Grants and other contributions	5.1	-	535,232
Commercial revenue	5.2	1,888	220,695
Other income	5.3	7,723	8,892
Total income from continuing operations		9,611	764,819
Expenses from continuing operations			
Employee expenses	5.4	1,198	106,441
Supplies and services	5.5	(949)	663,612
Grants and subsidies	5.6	150	13,108
Depreciation and amortisation	6.4 & 6.5	61	16,057
Other expenses	5.7	180	3,501
Total expenses from continuing operations		641	802,719
Operating result for the reporting period		8,970	(37,900)

GOLD COAST 2018 COMMONWEALTH GAMES CORPORATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	2017-18
\$'000	\$'000
Current assets	NEGATION CONTINUES
Cash and cash equivalents 6.1 55,221	69,391
Receivables 6.2 73	14,432
Other assets 6.3	167
Total current assets 55,294	83,990
Non-current assets	
Plant and equipment 6.4 -	-
Intangible assets 6.5	61
Total non-current assets -	61
Total assets 55,294	84,051
Current liabilities	
Payables 6.6 7,713	43,394
Provisions 6.7 660	_
Accrued employee benefits 6.8 -	3,343
Total current liabilities 8,373	46,737
Non-Current liabilities	
Provisions 6.6 <u>635</u>	-
Total non-current liabilities 635	-
Total liabilities 9,008	46,737
Net assets 46,285	37,314
Equity	
Accumulated surplus 46,285	37,314
Total equity 46,285	37,314

GOLD COAST 2018 COMMONWEALTH GAMES CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD 1 JULY 2018 TO 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Accumulated surplus \$'000
Balance as at 1 July 2017	75,214
Total operating result for the year	(37,900)
Balance as at 30 June 2018	37,314
Balance as at 1 July 2018	37,314
Total operating result for the reporting period	8,970
Balance as at 31 December 2018	46,285

GOLD COAST 2018 COMMONWEALTH GAMES CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JULY 2018 TO 31 DECEMBER 2018

Notes Cash flows from operating activities	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Inflows:		
Grants and other contributions	-	531,145
Interest received	737	5,726
Receipts from operations	3,047	153,792
GST input tax credits from ATO	10,773	53,825
GST collected from customers	749	12,148
Outflows:		
Employee expenses	(4,766)	(110,226)
Supplies and services	(19,422)	(629,455)
Grants and subsidies	(5,974)	(13,108)
Other expenses	-	-
GST paid to suppliers	(2,332)	(60,992)
GST remitted to ATO	(1,473)	(11,472)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(18,660)	(68,617)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Inflows:	4.400	
Sale of non-financial assets Outflows:	4,490	-
Payments for plant, equipment and intangible assets	_	(4,048)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	4,490	(4,048)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(14,170)	(72,665)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the reporting period	69,391	142,056
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the reporting period 6.1	55,221	69,391

GOLD COAST 2018 COMMONWEALTH GAMES CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JULY 2018 TO 31 DECEMBER 2018

Reconciliation of operating surplus to net cash from operating activities

from operating activities Notes	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Operating surplus/(deficit)	8,970	(37,900)
Depreciation expense	-	8,664
Amortisation expense	61	7,393
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	-	(24)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	14,359	(12,237)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	167	1,839
Sale of non-financial assets	4 490	
Increase/(decrease) in payables	(35,679)	36,586
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	1,295	-
Increase/(decrease) in accrued employee benefits	(3,343)	(2,776)
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities		(70,162)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(18,660)	(68,617)

1 Corporation

1.1 General information

These are the final financial statements for the Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Corporation (GOLDOC).

GOLDOC was constituted under the *Commonwealth Games Arrangements Act 2011*. GOLDOC was a statutory body within the meaning given in the *Financial Accountability Act 2009* and was controlled by the State of Queensland which was the ultimate parent.

The Games headquarters and principal place of business of GOLDOC was Corner Heeb Street and Benowa Road, ASHMORE QLD 4214

1.2 Objectives and principal activities of GOLDOC

GOLDOC's functions were to undertake and facilitate the organisation, conduct, promotion, commercial and financial management of the XXI Commonwealth Games (Games) in 2018 in conjunction with Commonwealth Games Australia (CGA) and the Commonwealth Games Federation (CGF).

1.3 Responsibilities of other Queensland Government agencies

There were government services outside of GOLDOC required to deliver the Games and these were coordinated through the Office of Commonwealth Games (OCG) within the Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games (DITID). The OCG also managed the capital budget for the Games venues (excluding the Commonwealth Games Village (CGV)). The Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning (DSD) coordinated the planning, design and project management of capital works to deliver the Games venue infrastructure, excluding the CGV. Economic Development Queensland (EDQ) within DSD was responsible for the planning and delivery of the Parklands capital development which incorporated the requirements of the CGV.

As the capital infrastructure programs for the CGV and venues were not managed by or funded through GOLDOC, they are not included in GOLDOC's financial statements.

2 Basis of financial statement preparation

2.1 Compliance with prescribed requirements

GOLDOC has prepared these financial statements in compliance with section 43 of the *Financial and Performance Management Standard 2009*. The financial statements comply with Queensland Treasury's Minimum Reporting Requirements for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2017.

GOLDOC was a not-for-profit entity and these general purpose financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis (except for the Statement of Cash Flows which is prepared on a cash basis) and going concern basis of accounting in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations applicable to not-for-profit entities.

GOLDOC was dissolved on 31 December 2018 under the *Commonwealth Games Arrangements (GOLDOC Dissolution Day) Amendment Regulation 2018* and all assets and liabilities were transferred to DITID.

As a result, GOLDOC is no longer considered a going concern. While it is not a going concern, these financial statements have been prepared consistent with the going concern basis, due to the transfer of functions to the Oueensland Government on dissolution.

2.2 Presentation

2.2.1 Currency and rounding

Amounts included in the financial statements are in Australian dollars and rounded to the nearest \$1,000 or, where that amount is \$500 or less, to zero, unless disclosure of the full amount is specifically required.

2.2.2 Comparatives

Comparative information reflects the audited 2017-18 financial statements except where restated to conform with changes in presentation for the current reporting period.

2.2.3 Current/Non-Current Classification

Assets and liabilities are classified as either 'current' or 'non-current' in the Statement of Financial Position and associated notes.

Assets are classified as 'current' where their carrying amount is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date. Liabilities are classified as 'current' when they are due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date, or GOLDOC does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement to beyond 12 months after the reporting date.

All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

2.3 Authorisation of financial statements for issue

The financial statements are authorised for issue by the Chairman and General Manager Finance and Business Services at the date of signing the Management Certificate.

2.4 Basis of measurement

Historical cost is used as the measurement basis in this financial report except where fair value is stated as the measurement basis.

2.5 The reporting entity

The financial statements include all income, expenses, assets, liabilities and equity of GOLDOC only.

3 First year application of new accounting standards or change in policy

3.1 Changes in accounting policy

GOLDOC has maintained all the accounting policies adopted in the 2017-18 financial statements.

3.2 Accounting standards applied for the first time

No Australian Accounting Standards were applied for the first time in the reporting period as they were either not applicable or had no material impact.

3.3 Accounting standards early adopted

No Australian Accounting Standards have been early adopted for the reporting period.

4 Taxation

GOLDOC was a state body as defined under the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* and was exempt from Commonwealth taxation with the exception of Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) and Goods and Services Tax (GST). FBT and GST were the only taxes accounted for by GOLDOC. GST credits receivable from, and GST payable to the Australian Taxation Office (ATO), are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position (Note 6.2).

5 Notes about our financial performance

5.1 Grants and other contributions

	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Grants	-	529,476
Other contributions	-	5,756
Total		535,232

5.2 Commercial revenue

	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Sponsorship	1,768	79,191
Ticketing	(16)	65,948
Broadcast	117	65,399
Licensing	20	2,760
Other		7,397
Total	1,888	220,695

5.3 Other income

	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Interest from QTC	563	5,160
Interest	16	512
Sale of assets	4,490	626
Unrealised foreign exchange gain	-	24
Other	2,654	2,570
Total	7,723	8,892

Accounting policies

Grants

Grants received were government grants that were non-reciprocal in nature so did not require any goods or services to be provided in return. The revenue was recognised in the reporting period in which GOLDOC obtained control over the grant (control was obtained at the time of receipt) and was aligned to the annual funding agreement.

Although the approved 2018-19 budget included government grant funding of \$1m, this was not drawn down by GOLDOC.

Commercial revenue

Revenue was recognised to the extent that it was probable that the economic benefits would flow to GOLDOC and the revenue could be reliably measured. If performance obligations were attached to contracts, revenue was recognised when GOLDOC had fulfilled these obligations.

Services received below fair value

Contributions of services are recognised only if the services would have been purchased if they had not been donated and their fair value can be measured reliably. For the period 1 September 2018 to 31 December 2018, GOLDOC received corporate services delivered by DITID. The revenue and expense related to these contributions of services have not been recognised in the financial statements as these values are considered to be immaterial and cannot be measured reliably.

Key estimate

Sponsorship recognition

The majority of GOLDOC's performance obligations under sponsorship contracts were satisfied during Games time. Therefore, the majority of sponsorship revenue was recognised in the 2017-18 income year.

5.4 Employee expenses

Accounting policies

average over the reporting period.

Superannuation

			Superannuation
	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000	Employer superannuation contributions were paid to superannuation funds as nominated by GOLDOC employees. Contributions met or
Wages and salaries	976	85,272	exceeded the requirements of the Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act
Board fees	79	230	1992 and were expensed in the period in which
Employer superannuation contributions	31	8,727	they were paid or payable. GOLDOC's obligation was limited to its contribution to the superannuation funds.
Annual leave expenses	77	6,226	QSuper (the superannuation scheme for
Long service leave expense	1	15	Queensland Government employees) has defined benefit and defined contribution
Employee related expenses	33	5,971	categories. The liability for defined benefits is held on a whole-of-government basis and
Total	1,198	106,441	reported in those financial statements pursuant
			to AASB 1049 Whole of Government and General Government Sector Financial Reporting.
			Disclosures
E 11.11			Key Management Personnel
Full-time equivalent employees (MOHRI)	-	44	Key management personnel and remuneration disclosures are detailed in Note 9.
(MORKI)			Full-time equivalent employees
Full-time equivalent employees (averaged)	10	865	The number of employees at the reporting date, including both full-time employees and part-time employees is measured on a full-time equivalent basis (reflecting Minimum Obligatory Human Resource Information (MOHRI)).
			As GOLDOC was a limited life statutory body with short term employees recruited progressively, the number of full-time equivalent employees has also been reflected as an

5.5 Supplies and services

	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Operating lease rentals Building services CGF host fees Contractors and consultants Entertainment and hospitality Information technology services Legal fees Minor equipment purchases Renairs and	66 592 (145) (4,764) 3 1,123 862 (79)	28,080 2,351 2,697 518,029 651 19,903 2,551 35,276
Repairs and maintenance Travel and accommodation expenses	274 94	5,216 25,993
Other	1,024	22,865
Total	(949)	663,612

5.6 Grants

	31/12/18	2017-18
	\$′000	\$′000
Grants	150	13,108
Total	150	13,108

5.7 Other expenses

	31/12/18	2017-18
	\$'000	\$'000
Turana		
Insurance premiums	107	3,291
External audit fees	74	210
Total	181	3,501

Accounting policy

Operating lease rentals

Operating lease payments were representative of the pattern of benefits derived from the leased assets and were expensed in the periods in which they were incurred.

GOLDOC did not have any finance leases.

Disclosures

Payables

At 30 June 2018, GOLDOC recognised payables of \$40.25m based on estimated obligations. As contracts were finalized, actual expenses were less than estimated.

Operating leases

Operating leases were entered into as a means of acquiring access to office accommodation. GOLDOC had no option to purchase the leased office accommodation at the conclusion of the leases and the leases did not provide for a right of renewal.

Lease payments were generally fixed, but with annual inflation escalation clauses.

External audit fees

External audit fees payable to the Queensland Audit Office relating to the reporting period were quoted to be \$54,500 (2017-18: \$210,000). There were no non-audit services included in this amount.

GOLD COAST 2018 COMMONWEALTH GAMES CORPORATION

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JULY 2018 TO 31 DECEMBER 2018

6 Notes about our financial position

6.1 Cash and cash equivalents

	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Cash at bank	55,221	18,372
Cash at QTC	-	51,018
Cash on hand		1
Total	55,221	69,391

6.2 Receivables

	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Current		
Interest receivable	73	230
Trade debtors	-	6,485
GST input tax credits receivable	-	8,447
GST payable	-	(730)
Total	-	7,717
	73	14,432

6.3 Other assets

	31/12/18	2017-18
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Deposits	-	167
Total	-	167

Accounting policies

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Cash Flows, cash assets include all cash and cheques receipted but not banked at 31 December 2018.

Receivables

Receivables are measured at amortised cost which approximates their fair value at reporting date.

Trade debtors are recognised at the amounts due at the time of sale or service delivery for the agreed sale or contract price. Settlement of receivables was in accordance with the contract terms of trade agreed or otherwise within 30 days from the invoice date.

Key judgement

Impairment of receivables

No indicators of possible impairment exist for receivables at 31 December 2018.

6.4 Plant and equipment and depreciation expense

6.4.1 Closing balances

	31/12/18 \$,000	2017-18 \$'000
Plant and equipment:		
At cost	-	103
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(103)
Total		-

6.4.2 Reconciliation of carrying amount

Plant & equipment	Work in progress	Total
2018-19	2018-19	2018-19
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
-	=	-
-	-	
-	-	
	equipment 2018-19 \$'000 - -	equipment progress 2018-19 2018-19 \$'000 \$'000

	Plant & equipment	Work in progress	Total
	2017-18	2017-18	2017-18
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 July 2017	7,274	54	7,328
Acquisitions	_	1,362	1,362
Transfers	1,416	(1,416)	_
Disposals	(26)		(26)
Amortisation expense	(8,664)	-	(8,664)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2018		-	_

6.4 Plant and equipment and depreciation expense (continued)

Accounting policies

Measurement using historical cost

Plant and equipment was measured at historical cost in accordance with the Non-Current Asset Policies for the Queensland Public Sector. The carrying amounts for plant and equipment were not materially different from their fair value.

Cost of acquisition

Historical cost was used for the initial recording of all plant and equipment acquisitions. Historical cost was determined as the value given as consideration and costs incidental to the acquisition, plus all other costs incurred in getting the assets ready for use.

Recognition

Items of plant and equipment with an historical cost or other value equal to or in excess of \$5,000 were recognised for financial reporting purposes in the year of acquisition.

Items with a lesser value were expensed in the year of acquisition.

Expenditure on plant and equipment was capitalised where it was probable that the expenditure would produce future service potential for GOLDOC. Subsequent expenditure was only added to an asset's carrying amount if it increased the service potential of the existing asset. Maintenance expenditure that merely restored original service potential (lost through ordinary wear and tear) was expensed.

Assets under construction (work-in-progress) were not depreciated until they reached service delivery capacity. Service delivery capacity related to when work was completed and the asset was first put to use or was installed ready for use in accordance with its intended application. These assets were then transferred to plant and equipment.

Depreciation

Plant and equipment was depreciated on a straight-line basis so as to allocate the net cost of each asset, progressively over its estimated useful life to GOLDOC.

Any expenditure that increased the originally assessed capacity or service potential of an asset was capitalised and the new depreciable amount was depreciated over the remaining useful life of the asset to GOLDOC.

Estimated useful lives were reviewed on an annual basis. Plant and equipment was fully depreciated by 31 December 2018.

The residual value of all GOLDOC's plant and equipment was assumed to be zero at the end of its useful life for the purposes of calculating depreciation.

Disclosure

Transfers out to other Queensland Government entities

Following the completion of the Games, certain items of GOLDOC's plant and equipment were transferred to Queensland Government-controlled entities for nil consideration.

6.5 Intangible assets and amortisation expense

6.5.1 Closing balances

	31/12/18 \$,000	2017-18 \$'000
Software purchased:		
At cost	-	2,105
Less: Accumulated amortisation		(2,044)
Total	_	61

6.5.2 Reconciliation of carrying amount

	Software purchased	Work in progress	Total
	31/12/18	31/12/18	31/12/18
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying amount at 1 July 2018	61	-	61
Amortisation expense	(61)	-	(61)
Carrying amount at 31 December 2018	_	-	-

	Software purchased	Work in progress	Total
	2017-18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
C			
Carrying amount at 1 July 2017	2,528	2,196	4,724
Acquisitions	-	2,730	2,730
Transfers	4,926	(4,926)	-
Amortisation expense	(7,393)	-	(7,393)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2018	61	-	61

6.5 Intangible assets and amortisation expense (continued)

Accounting policies

Intangible assets

Intangible assets with an historical cost or other value equal to or greater than \$100,000 were recognised for financial reporting purposes in the year of acquisition. Items with a lesser value were expensed in the year of acquisition. There was no active market for any of GOLDOC's intangible assets. As such, the assets were recognised and carried at historical cost less accumulated amortisation.

Intangible assets under development (work-in-progress) were not amortised until they reached service delivery capacity. Service delivery capacity related to when work was completed and the asset was first put to use or was installed ready for use in accordance with its intended application. These assets were then transferred to intangible assets.

Amortisation

All intangible assets of GOLDOC have finite useful lives and were amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life to GOLDOC. Straight-line amortisation was used, reflecting the expected consumption of economic benefits on a progressive basis over the intangible asset's useful life.

Estimated useful lives were reviewed on an annual basis. Intangible assets were fully depreciated by 31 December 2018.

The residual value of all GOLDOC's intangible assets was determined to be zero.

6.6	Payables		
		31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Curre	nt		
Trade	creditors	7,713	2,806
Accrue	ed expenses	-	40,250
Other	payables	-	338
Total		7,713	43,394
6.7	Provisions	31/12/18	2017-18
		31/12/18	2017-18
		\$'000	\$'000
Curre Provis		660	-
Non-C	Current		
Provis	ions	635	-
Total	,-	1,295	-

6.8 Accrued employee benefits

	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Current		
Retention	-	2,660
Annual leave	-	587
Long service leave	-	96
Total	_	3,343

Accounting policies

Payables

Trade creditors are recognised upon receipt of an invoice for goods or services ordered and are measured at the agreed purchase or contract price, gross of applicable trade and other discounts. Amounts owing are unsecured and are generally settled on 30 day terms.

Provisions

Provisions are recorded when GOLDOC has a present obligation, either legal or constructive as a result of a past event. They are recognised at the amount expected at reporting date for which the obligation will be settled in a future period. The amounts recognised as provisions are future expenditure likely to be incurred on behalf of GOLDOC after its dissolution.

Retention

Retention payments accrued in accordance with pay rates at the reporting date were recognised in the Statement of Financial Position. Eligibility for retention payments was in accordance with terms of GOLDOC's attraction and retention program.

Sick leave

Prior history indicates that on average, sick leave taken each reporting period was less than the entitlement accrued. Accordingly, it was unlikely that existing accumulated entitlements would be used by employees and no liability for unused sick leave entitlements was recognised. As sick leave was non-vesting, an expense was recognised for this leave when it was taken.

Annual leave

Annual leave entitlements were expected to be paid within 12 months and were classified as current liabilities and recognised at their present value in accordance with pay rates as the reporting date.

Long service leave

Long service leave entitlements were expected to be paid within 12 months and were classified as current liabilities and recognised at their present value in accordance with pay rates as at the reporting date. Long service leave was only provided for those staff who would become entitled to an unconditional benefit within the life of GOLDOC.

7 Financial risk disclosures

7.1 Financial instruments categories

Financial assets and financial liabilities were recognised in the Statement of Financial Position when GOLDOC became party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. GOLDOC had the following categories of financial assets and financial liabilities:

Category	Notes	31/12/18	2017-18
		\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6.1	55,221	69,391
Receivables	6.2	73	14,432
Total		55,294	83,823
Financial liabilities			
Payables	6.6	7,713	43,394
Provisions	6.7	1,295	_
Total		9,008	43,394

Financial instruments were classified and measured as follows:

- · Cash and cash equivalents held at fair value through the operating result
- · Receivables held at amortised cost
- Derivative assets and liabilities held at fair value through the operating result
- · Payables held at amortised cost
- Provisions held at amortised cost

No financial assets and financial liabilities were offset and presented net in the Statement of Financial Position.

7.2 Financial risk management

7.2.1 Risk exposure

Financial risk management was implemented pursuant to policies of the Government and GOLDOC. These policies focused on the unpredictability of financial markets and sought to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of GOLDOC.

GOLDOC's activities exposed it to a variety of financial risks, including credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

Risk exposure	Definition	Exposure
Credit risk	Credit risk refers to the situation where GOLDOC may incur financial loss as a result of another party to a financial instrument failing to discharge their obligation.	GOLDOC was exposed to credit risk in respect of its receivables (Note 6.2).
Liquidity risk	Liquidity risk refers to the situation where GOLDOC may encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.	GOLDOC was exposed to liquidity risk in respect of its payables (Note 6.6).
Market risk	The risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.	GOLDOC was exposed to interest rate risk through its cash deposited in interest bearing accounts (Note 6.1).
	Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.	GOLDOC was not materially exposed to other price risk.

7.3 Risk measurement and management strategies

GOLDOC measured risk exposure using a variety of methods as follows:

Risk exposure	Measurement method	Risk management strategies
Credit risk	Ageing analysis	GOLDOC reduced its exposure to credit risk by monitoring all funds owed on a timely basis.
Liquidity risk	Cash flow analysis	GOLDOC reduced its exposure to liquidity risk by ensuring it had sufficient funds available to meet employee and creditor obligations as they fell due.
9		This was achieved by ensuring that minimum levels of cash were held by forecasting monthly cash requirements.
·		An overdraft facility of \$500,000 was approved by the Treasurer on 21 December 2012 in accordance with section 31(2) of the <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act</i> 1982 (SBFA). This overdraft was not utilised by GOLDOC during the reporting period.
Market risk	Sensitivity analysis	GOLDOC reduced its exposure to interest rate risk by dealing with recognised and approved financial institutions with acceptable credit ratings.
		GOLDOC held sufficient cash at bank to meet employee and creditor obligations as they fell due. The remaining cash was deposited with the Queensland Treasury Corporation (QTC).

7.4 Maximum financial risk exposure

7.4.1 Credit risk

The maximum exposure to credit risk at balance date for receivables was the gross carrying amount of those assets.

All receivables are expected to be fully collectible as at 31 December 2018. No allowance for impairment has been made for the reporting period regarding GOLDOC's receivables.

No collateral was held as security and no credit enhancements related to receivables held by GOLDOC.

7.4.2 Market risk - interest rate risk

If interest rates changed by \pm 1% from the year end rates applicable to GOLDOC's financial assets, with all other variables held constant, GOLDOC would have an operating result or equity increase or decrease of \$552,000 (2017-18: \$694,000).

8 Commitments

8.1 Other expenditure commitments

Other expenditure commitments (inclusive of non-recoverable GST input tax credits) that were payable:

	31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
Not later than 1 year	-	788
Total		788

9 Key management personnel (KMP) disclosures

9.1 Details of KMP

GOLDOC's responsible Minister was identified as part of GOLDOC's KMP, consistent with additional guidance included in the revised version of AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures*. That Minister is the Minister for Innovation and Tourism Industry Development and Minister for the Commonwealth Games.

The following details for non-Ministerial key management personnel include those positions that had authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of GOLDOC during the reporting period. The focus of the board and management changed during the reporting period from Games organisation to structured wind-down and dissolution of the corporation and transfer of residual net assets to Government. Further information on these positions can be found in the body of the Annual Report under the section relating to Governance – management and structure.

Position	Position Responsibility
Chairman	Responsible for the management and leadership of the Board. The Board ensured that GOLDOC performed its functions and exercised its powers in an appropriate, effective and efficient way.
Deputy Chairman	Responsible for the management and leadership of the Board when the Chairman is absent. The Board ensured that GOLDOC performed its functions and exercised its powers in an appropriate, effective and efficient way.
Board members	The Board ensured that GOLDOC performed its functions and exercised its powers in an appropriate, effective and efficient way.
Chief Executive Officer	Responsible for the management of GOLDOC in accordance with the priorities of the Board. This included providing strategic leadership and direction for key stakeholders including staff, industry and government agencies for the efficient and effective management of GOLDOC's administration and operation.
Deputy Chief Executive Officer (General Manager, Planning and Readiness)	Worked in close partnership with the Chief Executive Officer on cross- organisational matters and acted on behalf of the Chief Executive Officer as required. Responsible for the strategic direction and leadership of GOLDOC's integrated planning and readiness activities, as well as a number of delivery and support areas such as ceremonies, arts and culture, city integration, health and safety and program and risk management.
General Manager, Finance and Business Services	Responsible for strategic direction and leadership over financial management, business solutions, technology, information management, procurement, legal and workforce for the efficient and effective management of GOLDOC.
General Manager, Venues and Services	Responsible for GOLDOC's coordinated input into the planning, development and delivery of the Games infrastructure services (permanent and temporary) including design, engineering and delivery services, and the operational services of accreditation, transport, security and venue management.
General Manager, Commercial	Responsible for the strategic direction and leadership over the management for commercial revenue operations, ensuring efficient and effective outcomes for GOLDOC.
General Manager, Strategic Engagement	Responsible for the strategic direction and leadership over GOLDOC's government coordination and relations, engagement, sustainability, legacy and Reconciliation Action Plan programs, as well as the delivery of the Queen's Baton Relay.
General Manager, Sport and Operations	Responsible for GOLDOC's coordinated input into the planning, development and delivery of the Games related sport program and services, and the operational services of accommodation, arrivals and departures, games family services, logistics, cleaning and waste, catering, spectator services, press operations, broadcast and village operations.
General Manager, Communications and Marketing	Responsible for the strategic direction and leadership over GOLDOC's communications and marketing objectives, ensuring efficient and effective outcomes for GOLDOC.

9.2 KMP remuneration policies

9.2.1 Minister

Ministerial remuneration entitlements are outlined in the Legislative Assembly of Queensland's Members' Remuneration Handbook. GOLDOC did not bear any cost of remuneration of Ministers. The majority of Ministerial entitlements are paid by the Legislative Assembly, with the remaining entitlements being provided by Ministerial Services Branch within the Department of the Premier and Cabinet. As all Ministers are reported as KMP of the Queensland Government, aggregated remuneration expenses for all Ministers are disclosed in the Queensland General Government and Whole of Government Consolidated Financial Statements as from 2018-19, which are published as part of Queensland Treasury's Report on State Finances.

9.2.2 Board

All Board members received a fee set by the Governor of Queensland. Fees were published in the Queensland Government Gazette on 18 December 2014. In addition, all Board members were eligible to be reimbursed for necessary and reasonable expenses incurred while travelling on business and attending meetings in connection with the functions of the Board. Reimbursements are excluded from the tables below. The Board members were not eligible for any long-term employment expenses or termination benefits.

No non-monetary benefits were paid or payable to the Board members for the reporting period ended 31 December 2018.

9.2.3 Executive management

Remuneration and other terms of employment for GOLDOC's Chief Executive Officer were set by the Governor in Council in line with the Queensland Government CEO remuneration frameworks administered by the Public Service Commission.

Remuneration policy for GOLDOC's other executives was set by the Board via its Remuneration Committee. The remuneration and other terms of employment for the key executive management personnel were specified in employment contracts.

The following disclosures focus on the expenses incurred by GOLDOC during the respective reporting periods that were attributable to key management positions. Therefore, the amounts disclosed reflect expenses recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Remuneration expenses for key executive management personnel comprise the following components:

- · Short term employee expenses include
 - o salaries, allowances and leave entitlements earned and expensed for the entire year, or for that part of the year during which the employee was a key management person
 - o retention payments recognised as an expense during the year as outlined in Note 9.4, that were expected to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; and
 - o non-monetary benefits consisting of fringe benefits tax applicable to benefits provided.
- Long term employee expenses include
 - o amounts expensed in respect of long service leave entitlements earned
- Post-employment expenses include amounts expensed in respect of employer superannuation obligations.
- Termination benefits were not provided for within individual contracts of employment. Contracts of employment provided only for notice periods or payment in lieu of notice on termination, regardless of the reason for termination.

9.3 KMP remuneration expenses

The following disclosures focus on expenses incurred by GOLDOC attributable to non-Ministerial KMP during the respective reporting periods. The amounts disclosed are determined on the same basis as expenses recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Period ended 31 December 2018

	Short term	expenses				
Position	Monetary expenses \$'000	Non- monetary benefits \$'000	Long term expenses \$'000	Post- employment expenses \$'000	Termination benefits \$'000	Total expenses \$'000
Chairman						
Peter Beattie AC	7	-	-	1	-	8
(to 31/08/18)						
Deputy Chairman						
Sam Coffa AM	9	-	-	1	-	10
(to 31/12/18)						
Board member						
Perry Crosswhite AM	9	-	-	1	-	10
(to 31/12/18)						
Board member						
Mike Victor OAM	9	-	-	1	•	10
(to 31/12/18)						
Board member						
Glynis Nunn-Cearns OAM	3	-	-	1	-	4
(to 31/08/18)						
Board member						
Peta Fielding	3	-	-	1	-	4
(to 31/08/18)						
Board member						2.00
John Witheriff	9	-	-	1	-	10
(to 31/12/18)						
Board member	_					
Bob Gordon	3	-	-	1	-	4
(to 31/08/18)						
Board member						
Craig Phillips	10	-	-	0	-	10
(to 31/12/18)						
Board member						
Bronwyn Morris	9	-	-	1	-	10
(to 31/12/18)						
Chief Executive Officer	84	_	_	10	_	94
(to 31/08/18)						54
Deputy Chief Executive						
Officer						
(General Manager,	63	-	-	6	-	69
Planning and Readiness)						
(to 31/08/18)						
General Manager, Finance						g. max er
and Business Services	163	-	-	13	-	176
(to 30/12/18)						
General Manager, Venues	0.0					W2.27
and Services	44	-	-	7	-	51
(to 31/08/18)						

As part of Craig Phillips' role as Chief Executive Officer of CGA, he was required to serve as a Board member on the Organising Committee and as such any Board fees were paid to CGA.

The terms of appointment for Damien Walker and Dale Dickson, excluded the payment of Board fees.

9.3 KMP remuneration expenses (continued)

Financial year ended 30 June 2018

	Short term	expenses				
Position	Monetary expenses \$'000	Non- monetary benefits \$'000	Long term expenses \$'000	Post- employment expenses \$'000	Termination benefits \$'000	Total expenses \$'000
Chairman Peter Beattie AC	46		-	4	-	50
Deputy Chairman Sam Coffa AM	18	-	-	2	-	20
Board member Perry Crosswhite AM	18	-	-	2	-	20
Board member Mike Victor OAM	18	-	-	2	-	20
Board member Glynis Nunn-Cearns OAM	18	-	-	2		20
Board member Peta Fielding	18	-	-	2	-	20
Board member John Witheriff	18	-	-	2	-	20
Board member Bob Gordon	18	-	-	2	-	20
Board member Craig Phillips	20	-	-	-	-	20
Board member Bronwyn Morris	18	-	-	2	-	20
Chief Executive Officer	490	-	-	60	-	550
Deputy Chief Executive Officer (General Manager, Planning and Readiness)	365	-	-	35	-	400
General Manager, Finance and Business Services	309	-	•	29	-	338
General Manager, Venues and Services	285	1	•	45	-	330
General Manager, Commercial (to 30/06/18)	303	-	-	29	-	332
General Manager, Strategic Engagement (to 17/05/18)	273	-	-	43	-	316
General Manager, Sport and Operations (to 29/06/18)	307	-	-	29	-	336
General Manager, Communications and Marketing (to 29/06/18)	311	-	-	29	-	340

9.4 KMP retention payments

The remuneration package for five executive positions included a retention payment of 10% of the respective executive's total fixed remuneration at the end of the Games for each year of service. Eligibility for such a retention payment was conditional on the achievement of all key performance indicators and satisfactory performance throughout the term of the employment contract.

The actual value of the retention payment expense was calculated from the date initially appointed to the position to the end of the term of the employment contract. The table below reflects the accruals recognised during the reporting period for retention payments in respect of the five executive positions. Retention payment accruals are reflected in short term monetary expenses, long term and postemployment expenses outlined in Note 9.3.

31/12/18 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000
8	49
6	38
15	34
-	33
	31
29	185
	\$'000 8 6 15

As at the date of management certification of these financial statements, the above executives were eligible for and paid the retention payments on their respective termination dates.

10 Related Party Transactions

10.1 Transactions with KMP

No related party transactions with KMP have been identified.

10.2 Transactions with people/entities related to KMP

No related party transactions with people/entities related to KMP have been identified.

10.3 Transactions with other Queensland Government-controlled entities

GOLDOC's grant funding (Note 5.1) from Government was provided by the Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games in cash via Queensland Treasury.

GOLDOC received other contributions (Note 5.1) from the Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games.

GOLDOC had cash deposited in a Cash Fund (Note 6.1) held with the Queensland Treasury Corporation (QTC) and received interest on the cash deposited (Note 5.3).

GOLDOC transferred items of plant and equipment and other low value assets (Note 5.5) for nil consideration to the following Queensland Government-controlled entities:

- Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games
- Department of Transport and Main Roads
- Queensland Police Service
- TAFE Queensland

11 Future impact of accounting standards not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of the financial report, all Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations with future commencement dates were either not applicable to GOLDOC's activities, or had no material impact on GOLDOC.

12 Events occurring after the reporting period

GOLDOC was dissolved on 31 December 2018 under the *Commonwealth Games Arrangements (GOLDOC Dissolution Day) Amendment Regulation 2018*. All assets and liabilities were transferred to DITID on the next working day.

Amounts transferred to the Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games on 2 January 2019

The following amounts were transferred from GOLDOC to the Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games on 2 January 2019.

	\$'000
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	55,221
Receivables	73
Total current assets	55,294
Total assets	55,294
Current liabilities	
Payables	7,713
Provisions	660
Total current liabilities	8,373
Non-current liabilities	
Provisions	635
Total non-current liabilities	635
Total liabilities	9,008
Net assets	46,285

14 Budgetary reporting disclosures

14.1 Statement of Comprehensive Income

		Original budget	Actual	Variance	Variance
	Variance notes	31/12/18 \$'000	31/12/18 \$'000	\$'000	% of budget
Income from continuing operations					
Grants and other contributions	1	1,000	-	(1,000)	(100%)
Commercial revenue	2	323	1,888	1,565	485%
Other income	3	3,001	7,723	4,722	157%
Total income from continuing operations		4,324	9,611	5,287	122%
Expenses from continuing operations					
Employee expenses	4	1,164	1,198	34	3%
Supplies and services	5	3,664	(949)	(4,613)	(126%)
Grants and subsidies		-	150	150	-
Depreciation and amortisation		-	61	61	-
Other expenses		77	181	104	135%
Total expenses from continuing operations		4,905	641	(4,264)	(87%)
Operating result for the reporting period		(581)	8,970	9,551	(1,644%)

14.1.1 Explanations of major variances

- 1. The decrease in grants and other contributions reflects GOLDOC not requiring to draw down on the final grant payment due to whole of Games budget savings.
- 2. The increase in commercial revenue reflects changes in the anticipated timing of sponsorship revenue recognition from 2017-18 to 2018-19.
- 3. The increase in other income is mainly due to unbudgeted sale of assets, which were not known at the time of budget preparation.
- 4. The increase in employee expenses is mainly due to unbudgeted annual leave entitlements incurred in 2018-19.
- 5. The decrease in supplies and services reflects cost savings resulting from contract negotiations.

14.2 Statement of Financial Position

		Original budget	Actual	Variance	Variance
	Variance notes	31/12/18 \$'000	31/12/18 \$'000	\$'000	% of budget
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	6	-	55,221	55,221	-
Receivables		-	73	73	-
Total current assets	_	-	55,294	55,294	-
Total assets			55,294	55,294	
Current liabilities					
Payables	7	-	7,713	8,373	-
Provisions	7	-	660		
Total current liabilities		•	8,373	8,373	-
Non-current liabilities					
Provisions	7		635	635	-
Total non-current liabilities		-	635	635	-
Total liabilities			9,008	9,008	•
Net assets			46,285	46,286	-
Equity					
Accumulated surplus		-	46,285	46,286	-
Total equity	8	-	46,285	46,286	_

14.2.1 Explanations of major variances

- 6. The increase in cash and cash equivalents reflects whole of Games budget savings of \$46 million after payables of \$9 million which were transferred to the Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games (DITID).
- 7. The increase in payables and provisions reflects changes in anticipated timing of supplier payments planned to be paid by GOLDOC but these amounts were transferred to DITID.
- 8. The whole of Games budget was based on GOLDOC having a zero-equity position at 31 December 2018. GOLDOC's actual cost for delivering the Games was within its whole of Games funding allocation.

14.3 Statement of Cash Flows

	Variance notes	Original budget 31/12/18 \$'000	Actual 31/12/18 \$'000	Variance \$'000	Variance % of budget
Cash flows from operating activities					
Inflows:					
Grants and other contributions	9	1,000	-	(1,000)	(100%)
Interest received		-	737	737	-
Receipts from operations		3,323	3,048	(275)	(8%)
GST input tax credits from ATO	10	300	10,773	10,473	3,491%
GST collected from customers		32	749	717	2,241%
Outflows:					
Employee expenses	11	(3,426)	(4,766)	(1,340)	39%
Supplies and services	12	(5,860)	(19,422)	(13,562)	231%
Grants and subsides	13	-	(5,974)	(5,974)	-
GST paid to suppliers		(300)	(2,332)	(2,032)	667%
GST remitted to ATO		(32)	(1,473)	(1,441)	4,503%
Net cash provided by operating activities		(4,963)	(18,660)	(13,697)	276%
Cash flows from investing activities					
Sale of non-financial assets	14		4,490	4,490	
Net cash used in investing activities			4,490	4,490	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		(4,963)	(14,170)	(9,207)	186%
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the reporting period		4,963	69,391	64,428	1,298%
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the reporting period			55,221	55,221	

14.3.1 Explanations of major variances

- 9. The decrease in grants and other contributions reflects GOLDOC not requiring to draw down on the final grant payment due to whole of Games budget savings.
- 10. The increase in GST input tax credits from ATO mainly reflects the change in anticipated timing of \$8 million in GST input tax credits from 2017-18 being collected from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) in 2018-19.
- 11. The increase in employee expenses reflects changes in the anticipated timing of the wind down and dissolution of GOLDOC.
- 12. The increase in supplies and services mainly reflects changes in the anticipated timing of contract close outs.
- 13. The increase in grants and subsides is due to GOLDOC returning \$6 million in grant funding that was not required as Games time contingency. This whole of Games budget saving was returned in advance of the final transfer to DITID on dissolution.
- 14. The increase in sale of non-financial assets is mainly due to unbudgeted sale of assets, which were not known at the time of budget preparation.

GOLD COAST 2018 COMMONWEALTH GAMES CORPORATION MANAGEMENT CERTIFICATE

Certification of the Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Corporation

These general purpose financial statements have been prepared pursuant to section 62(1) of the *Financial Accountability Act 2009* (the Act), section 43 of the *Financial and Performance Management Standard 2009* and other prescribed requirements.

In accordance with section 62(1)(b) of the Act, we certify that in our opinion:

- a) the prescribed requirements for establishing and keeping the accounts have been complied with in all material respects; and
- the financial statements have been drawn up to present a true and fair view, in accordance with prescribed accounting standards, of the transactions of GOLDOC for the reporting period 1 July 2018 to 31 December 2018 and of the financial position at GOLDOC at the end of that reporting period; and
- these assertions are based on an appropriate system of internal controls and risk management processes being effective, in all material respects, with respect to financial reporting throughout the reporting period.

Dantien Walker

19/2 Rools

Helen Moore FCPA

General Manager Finance and Business

Services

Date 24/6/2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the former Minister of Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Corporation

Report on the audit of the financial report

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying final financial report of Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Corporation.

In my opinion, the final financial report:

- a) gives a true and fair view of the entity's financial position as at 31 December 2018, and its financial performance and cash flows for the period then ended
- b) complies with the *Financial Accountability Act 2009*, the Financial and Performance Management Standard 2009 and Australian Accounting Standards.

The final financial report comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the period then ended, notes to the financial statements including summaries of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the management certificate.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with the *Auditor-General of Queensland Auditing Standards*, which incorporate the Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of my report.

I am independent of the entity in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to my audit of the financial report in Australia. I have also fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code and the *Auditor-General of Queensland Auditing Standards*.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Emphasis of matter – Dissolution of Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth Games Corporation

I draw attention to Note 2.1 of the financial report, which discloses that under the *Commonwealth Games Arrangements (GOLDOC Dissolution Day) Amendment Regulation 2018*, the entity was dissolved on 31 December 2018. Ongoing responsibility for its functions, and its assets and liabilities, transferred to the Department of Innovation, Tourism Industry Development and the Commonwealth Games on dissolution. As a result, the financial report was prepared on a basis consistent with the going concern basis. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



Responsibilities of the entity for the financial report

The Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with the *Financial Accountability Act 2009*, the Financial and Performance Management Standard 2009 and Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as the Board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Board is also responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for expressing an opinion
 on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the entity.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the entity's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. I base my conclusions on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



Better public services

I communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In accordance with s.40 of the *Auditor-General Act 2009*, for the period ended 31 December 2018:

- a) I received all the information and explanations I required.
- b) In my opinion, the prescribed requirements in relation to the establishment and keeping of accounts were complied with in all material respects.

Mkenday

30 July 2019

Michelle Reardon as delegate of the Auditor-General

Queensland Audit Office Brisbane

