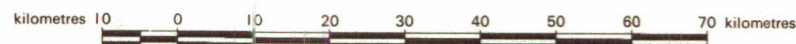


REFERENCE

CENOZOIC	QUATERNARY	Qa	Alluvium.
		Q	Sand, red sandy soil, gravel.
	TERTIARY	T	Quartzose sandstone, siltstone, silcrete.
MESOZOIC	LOWER TO UPPER CRETACEOUS	Kw(a)	Chemically altered (Kaolinised - ferruginised) Winton Formation.
		Kw	Labile sandstone, siltstone, mudstone, calcareous in part, coal.
		Kim	Labile sandstone, siltstone, mudstone, calcareous in part, coquinites.
	U		Fault, showing displacement.
	⊥		Anticlinal fold axis.
	⊕		Synclinal fold axis.

**DISCLAIMER:**  
This is a scanned image and some detail may be illegible or lost. While every care is taken to ensure the accuracy of this product, the Department of Natural Resources and Mines makes no representations or warranties about its accuracy, reliability, completeness or suitability for any particular purpose and disclaims all responsibility and all liability (including without limitation, liability in negligence) for all expenses, losses, damages (including indirect or consequential damage) and costs which you might incur as a result of the product being inaccurate or incomplete in any way for any reason.

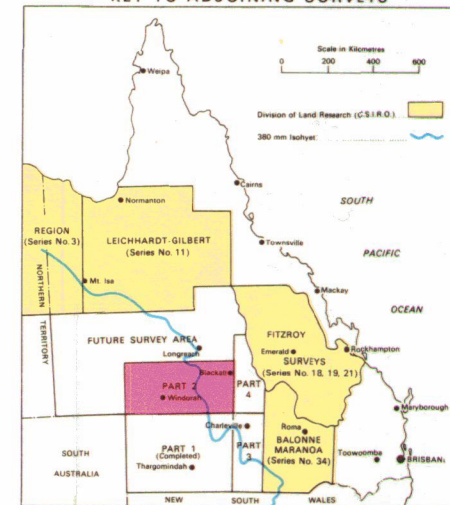
SCALE 1 : 1 000 000



UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION  
50 000 metre Australian Map Grid, Zones 54 and 55  
(Grid values are shown in full at the south west corner of the map)

Cartography by G. Finney

KEY TO ADJOINING SURVEYS



COMPILED by K.K. Hughes, Division of Land Utilisation, Queensland Department of Primary Industries, after Bureau of Mineral Resources - Geological Map of Central Eromanga Basin, 1970.

PREPARED by the Division of Land Utilisation, Queensland Department of Primary Industries.

CARTOGRAPHIC BASE compiled from the Charleville and Cooper Creek sheets of the 1:1 000 000 International Map of the World series using selected information plotted onto the Australian Map Grid.

PRINTED at the Government Printing Office, Brisbane, 1978